

A high-resolution optical image showing a complex, multi-mode interference pattern. The central region is bright yellow, transitioning to red towards the edges. Several thin, red lines extend from the bottom left towards the center, representing light paths or modes being manipulated or analyzed.

# Nanoscale Photonic Structures in Fibre Form

**Philip Russell**

Max-Planck Research Group  
University of Erlangen  
[www.pcfiber.com](http://www.pcfiber.com)

# Contents

- PCF guidance mechanisms [4]
- Guidance by metallic nanowire arrays
- Sound-light interactions on the nanoscale
- Linear & nonlinear guidance in glass nanowebs

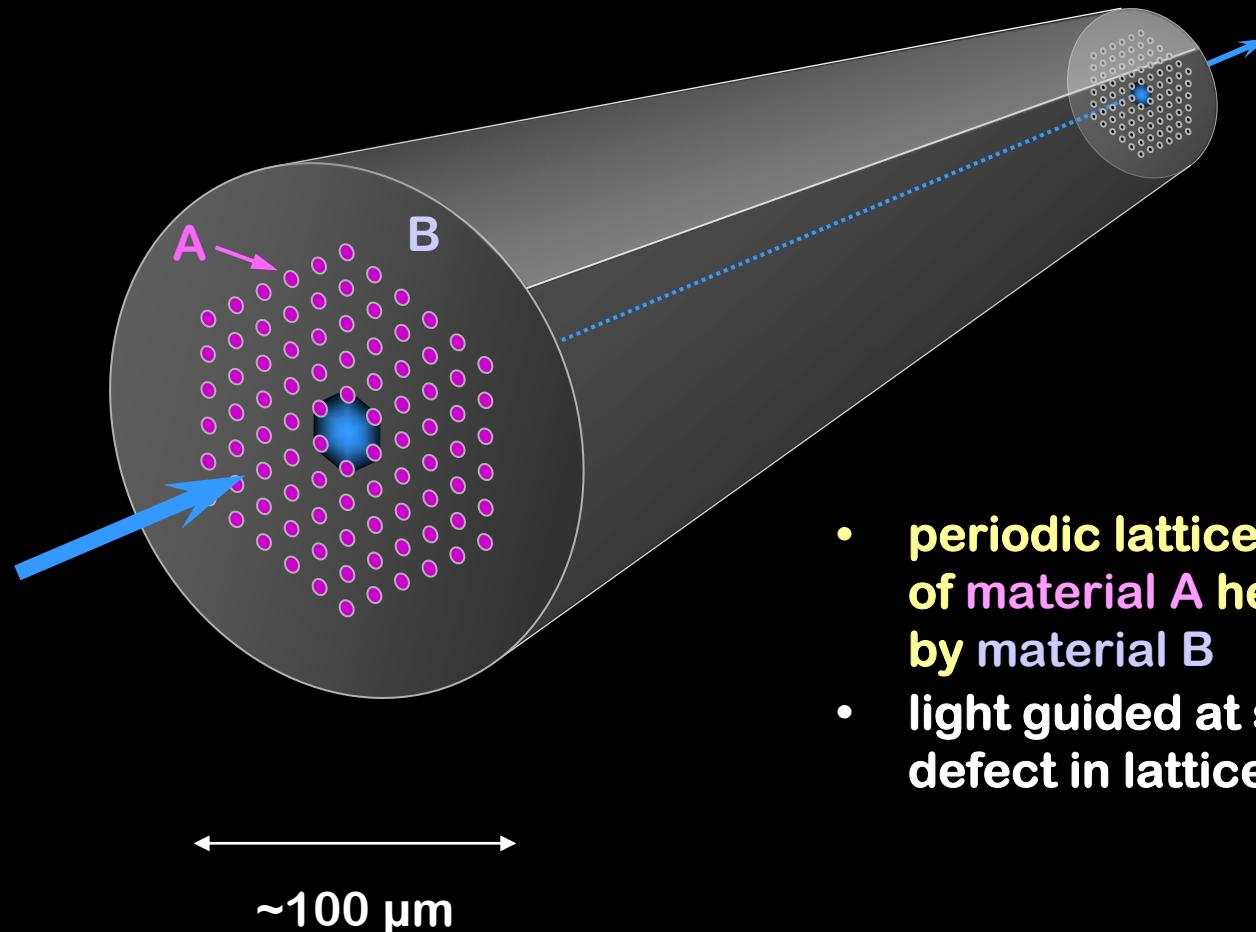
[www.pcfiber.com](http://www.pcfiber.com)

10<sup>th</sup> October 2007



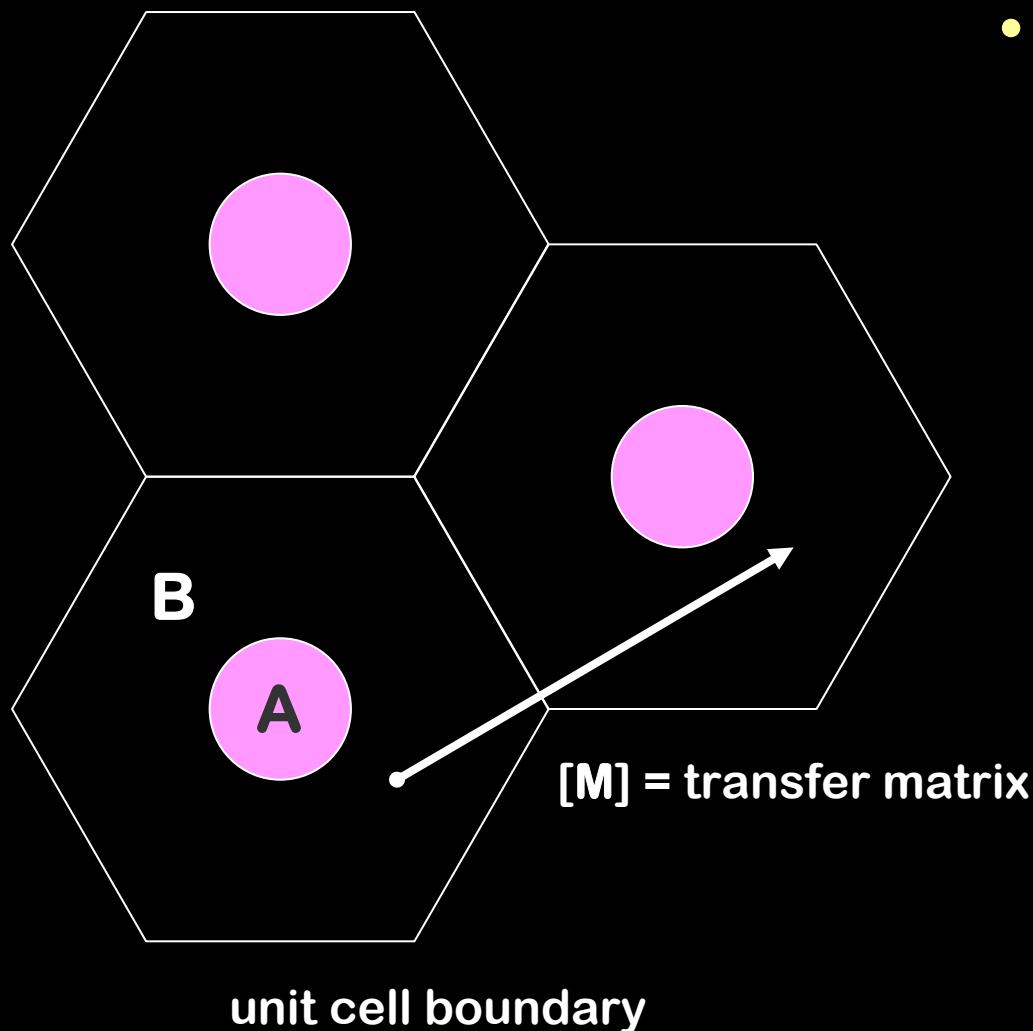
# Guidance Mechanisms

# Generalised PCF guidance



- **periodic lattice of strands of material A held in place by material B**
- **light guided at structural defect in lattice**

# Unit cells & evanescence

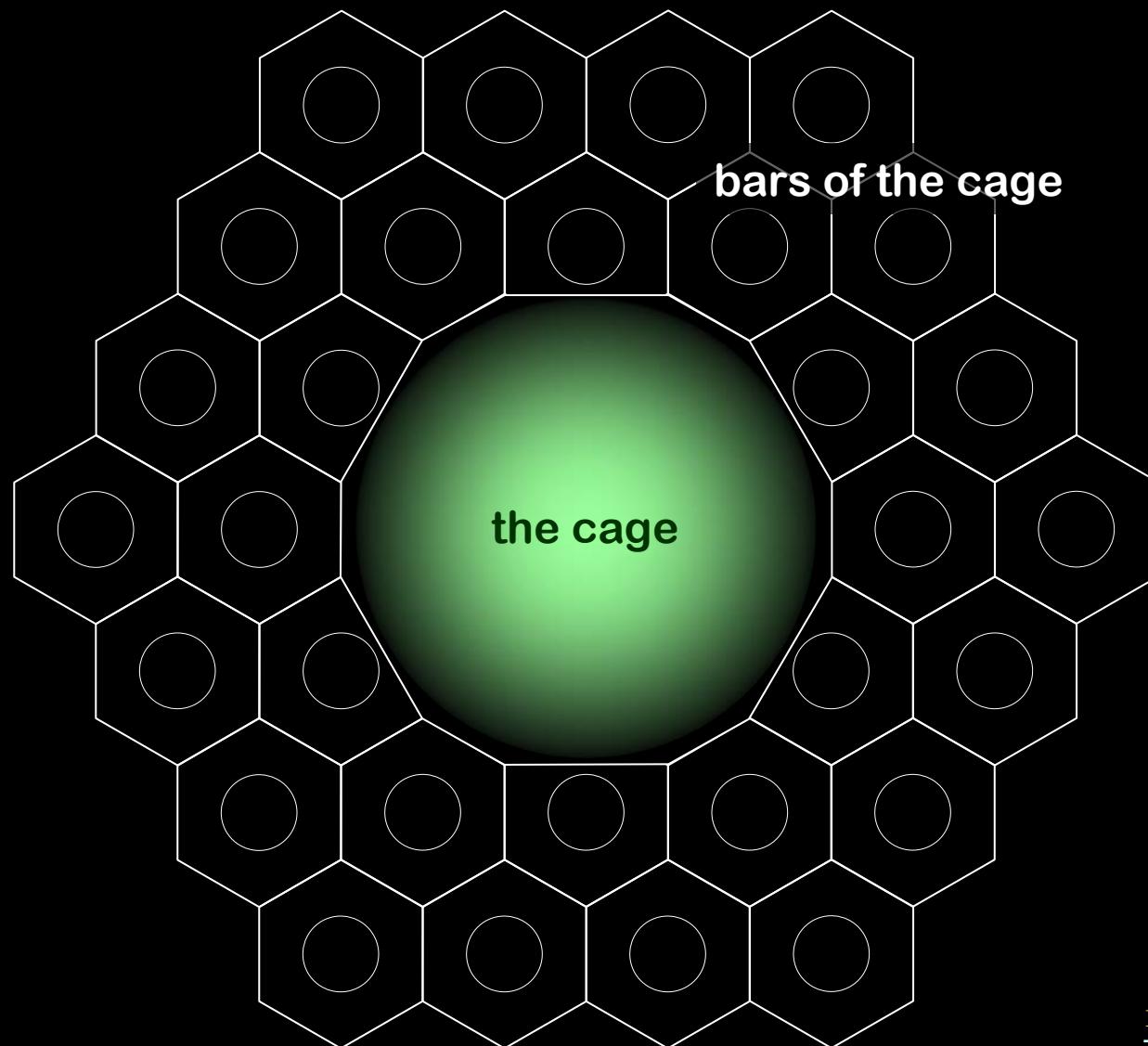


- Bloch wave transfer matrix  $[M]$ :

$$\lambda\lambda^* = 1$$

- real eigenvalues: evanescence
- complex eigenvalues: propagation

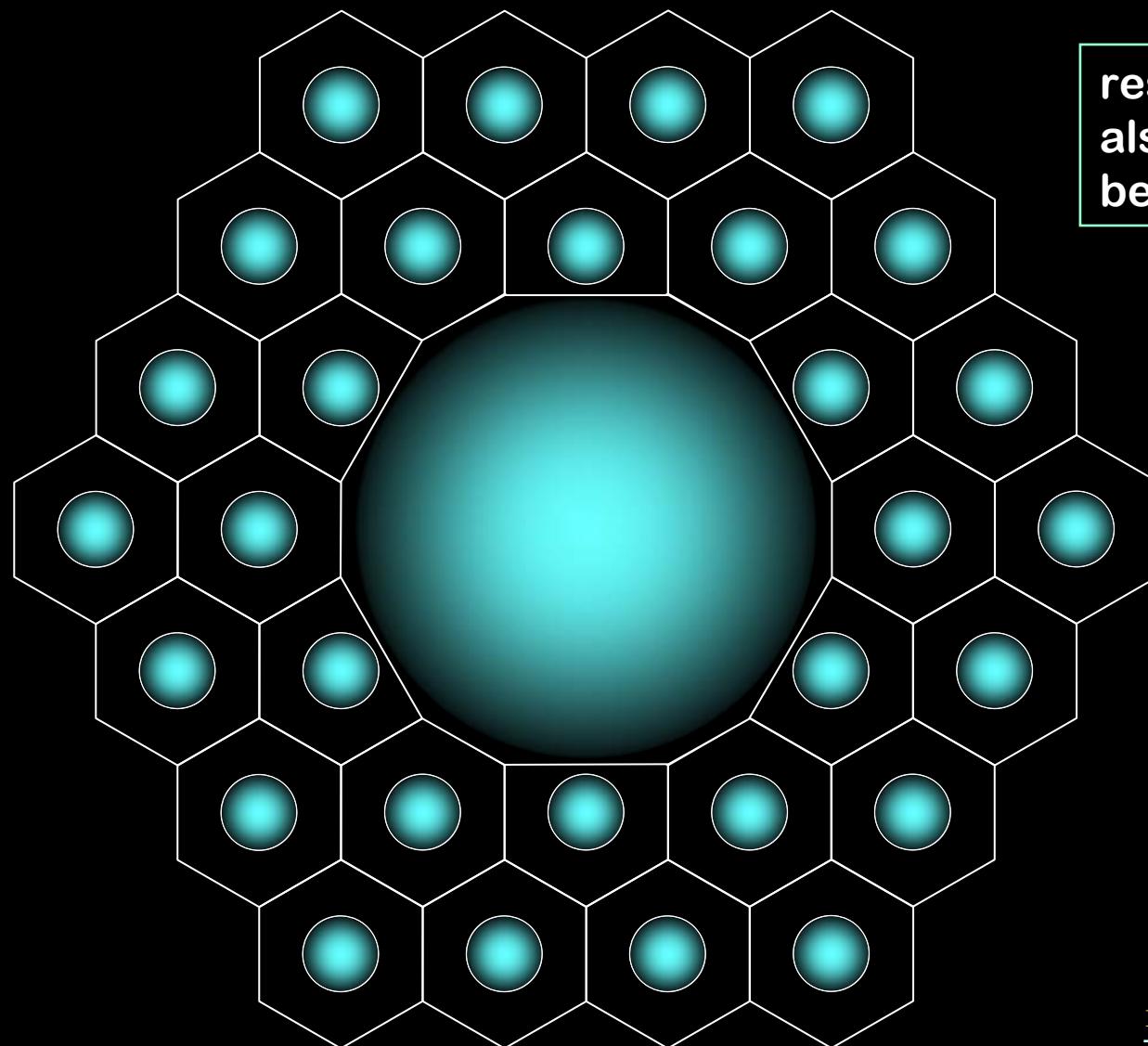
# Building a cage for light



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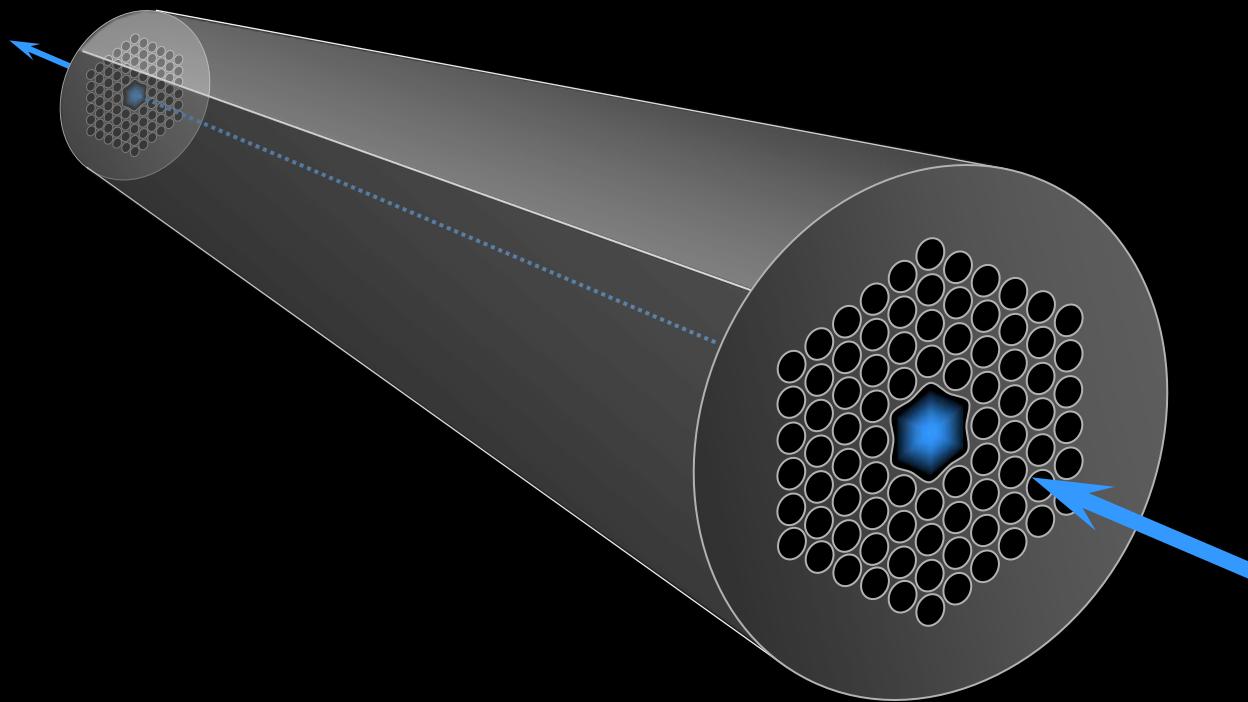
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University of Erlangen-Nuremberg

# Leakage via cladding resonances



resonances can  
also exist in  
between strands

# Hollow-core PCF



traps light by creating a complete 2D photonic band gap in the cladding

$\sim 100 \mu\text{m}$

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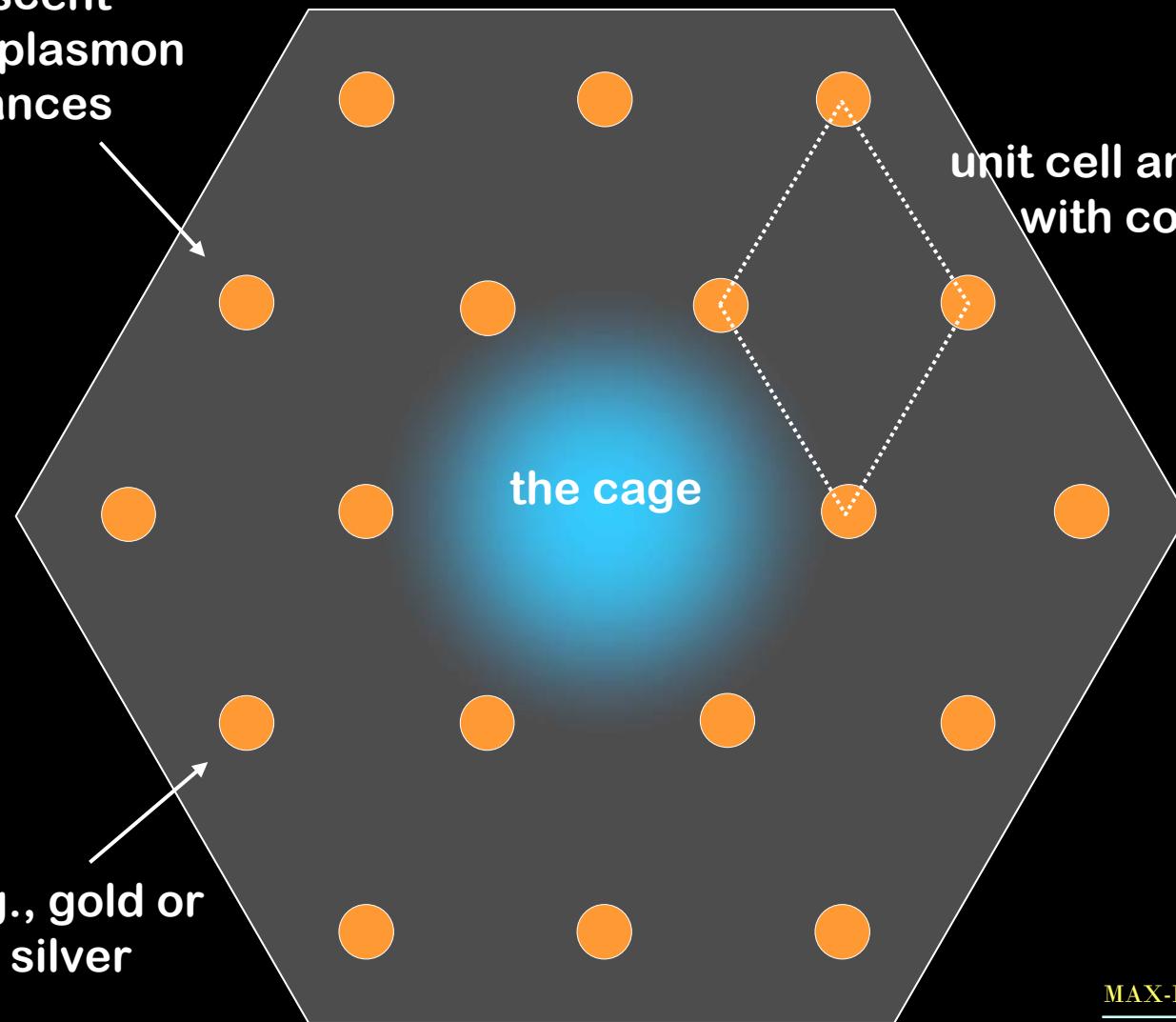
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# Metallic Nanowire Arrays

# Metal nanowire arrays

evanescent  
except at plasmon  
resonances

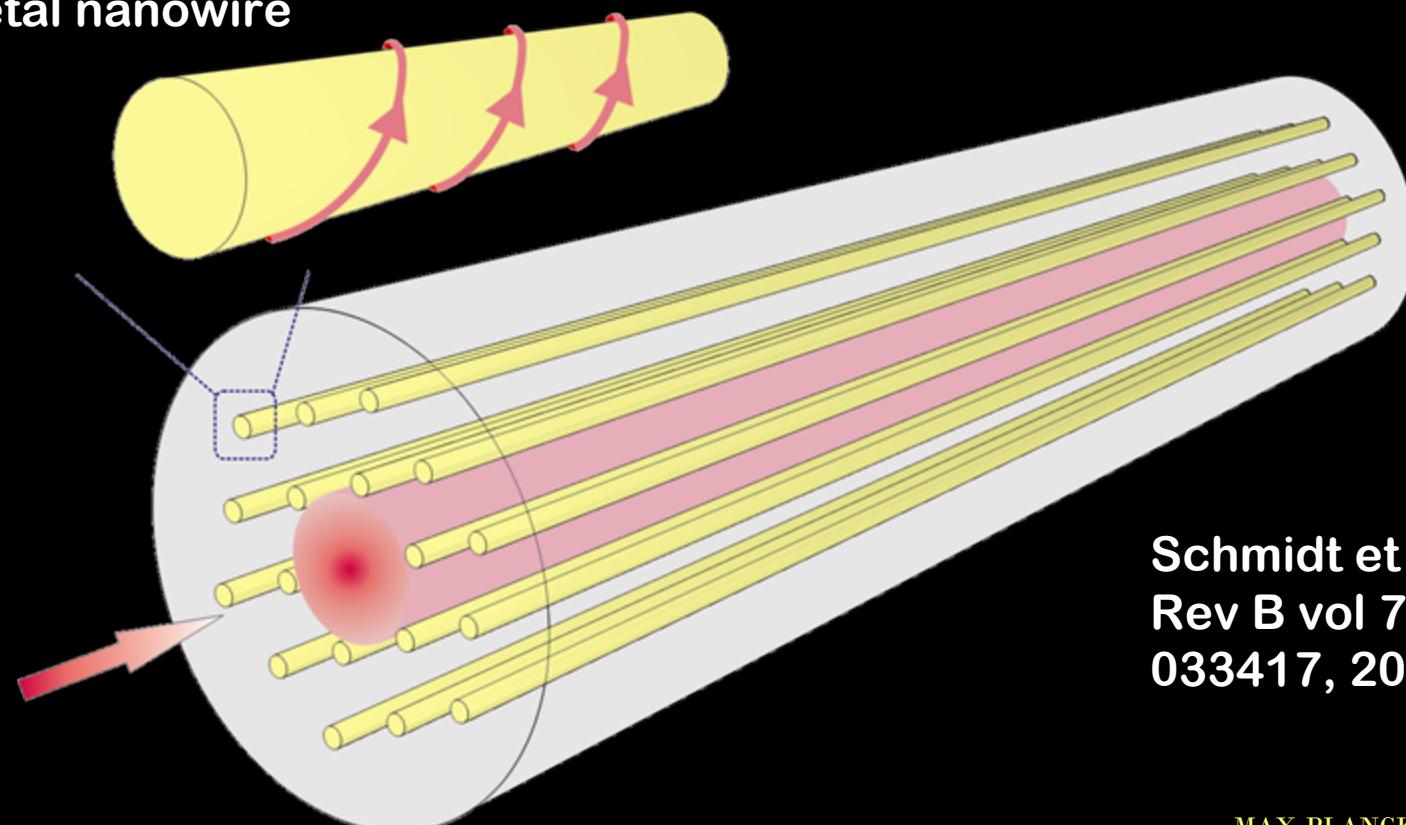
unit cell anti-resonant  
with core mode



# Spiralling surface plasmons

small number of discrete modes  
form when wire is narrow

metal nanowire

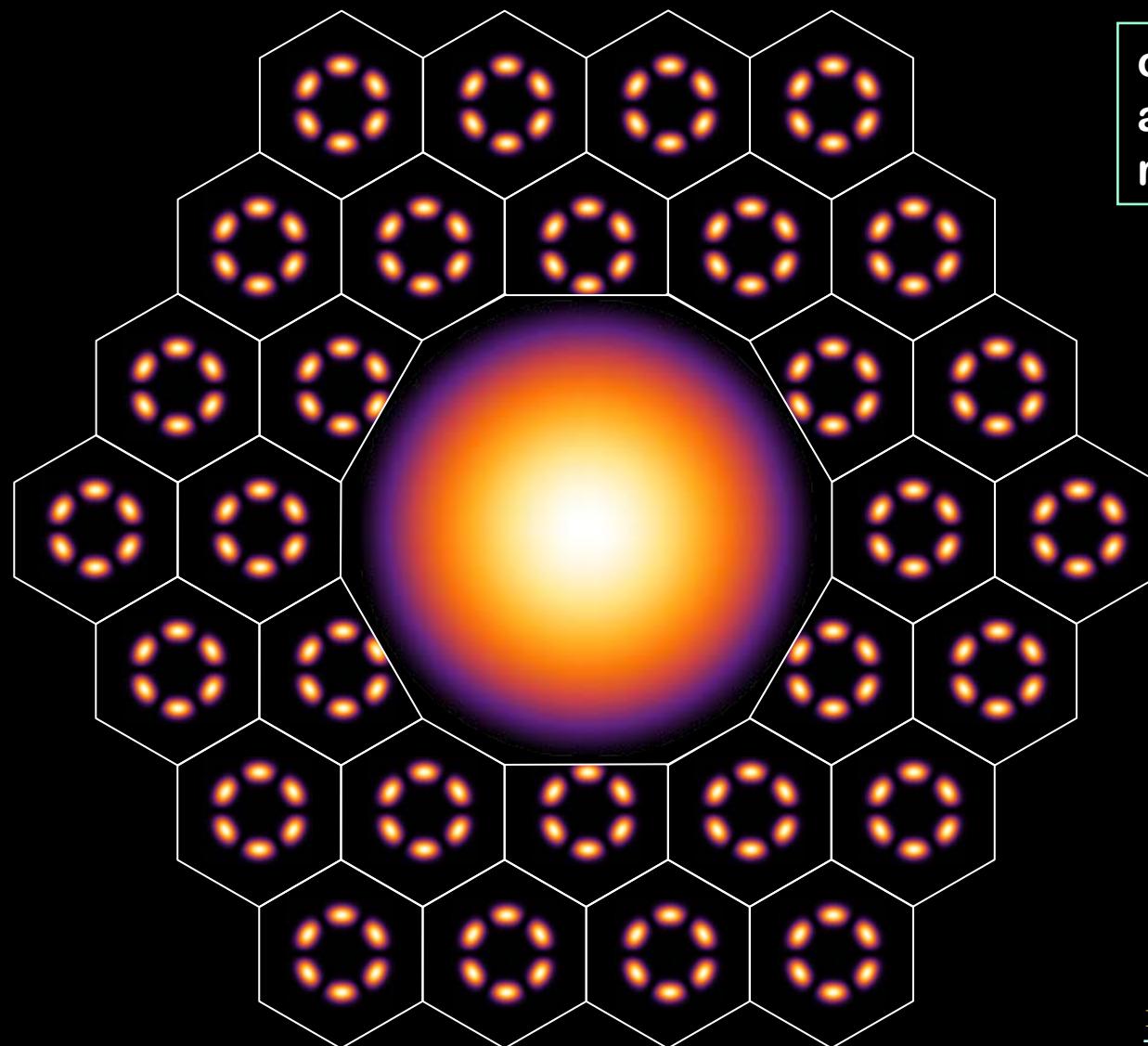


Schmidt et al: Phys  
Rev B vol 77 art  
033417, 2008

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# Surface plasmons on nanowires

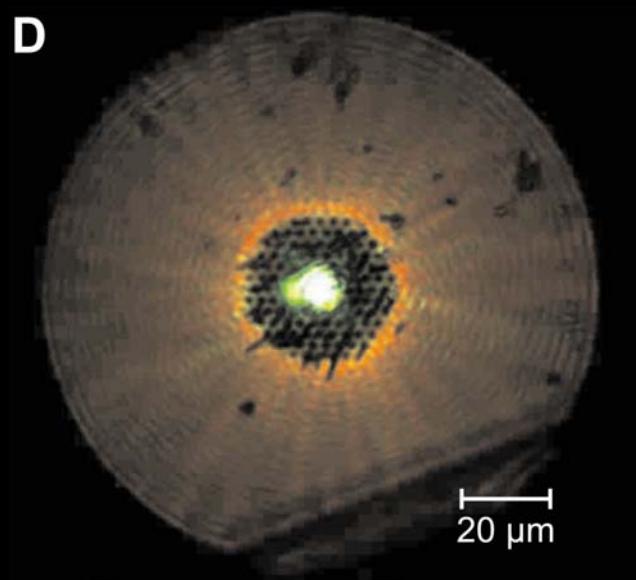
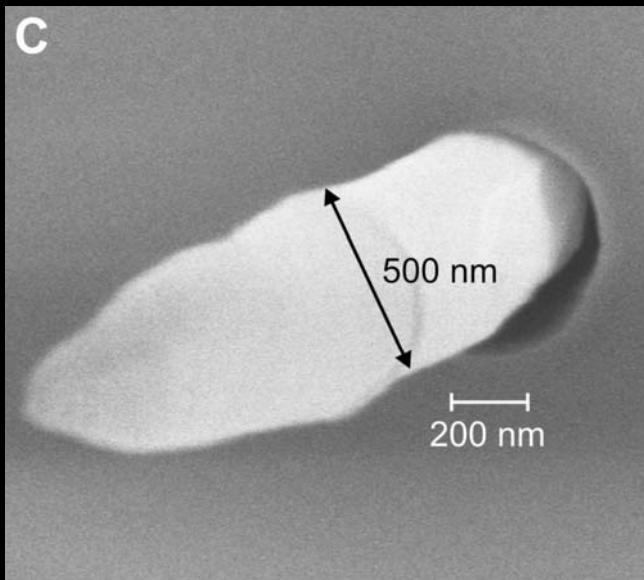
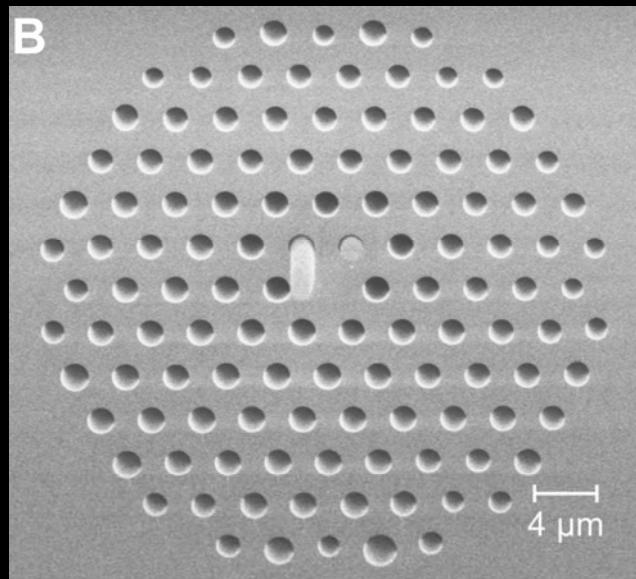
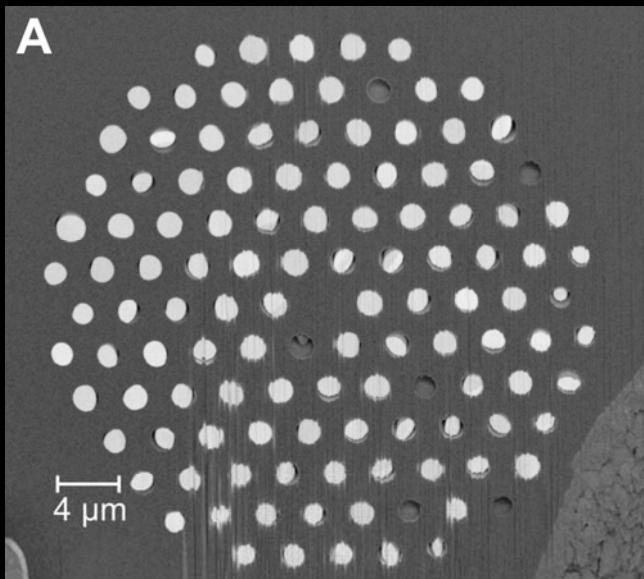


core light leaks  
away at plasmon  
resonances

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# Metallic nanowire arrays



**Schmidt et al: Phys Rev B vol 77 art 033417, 2008**

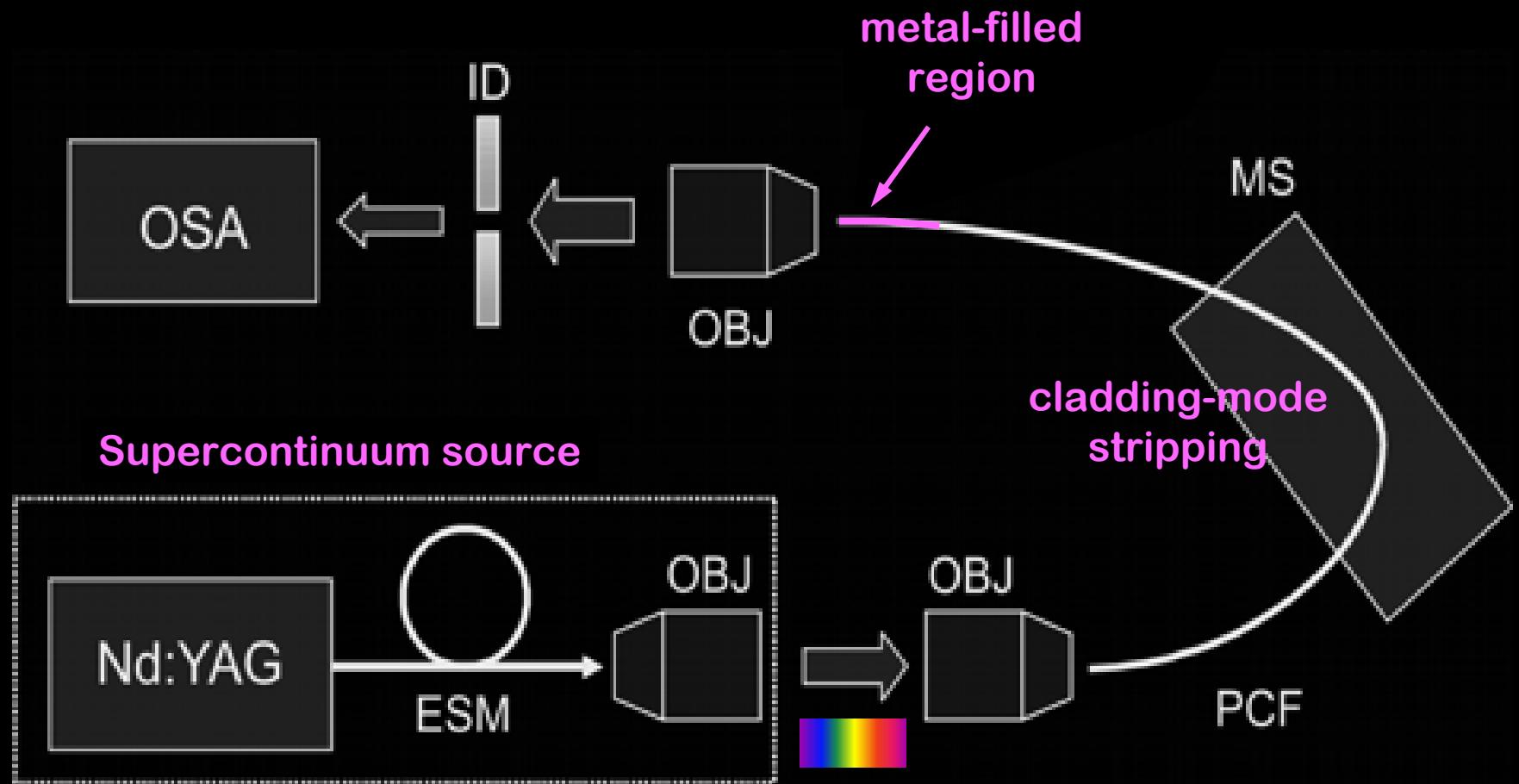
**Poulton et al.,  
Opt. Lett. v32 p1647 (2007)**

**MAX-PLANCK RESEARCH GROUP**

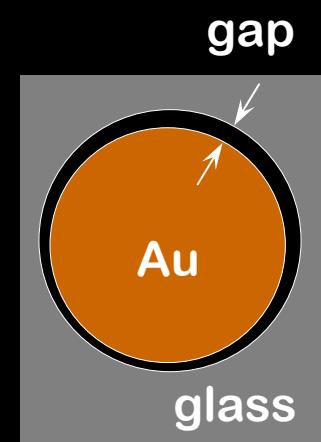
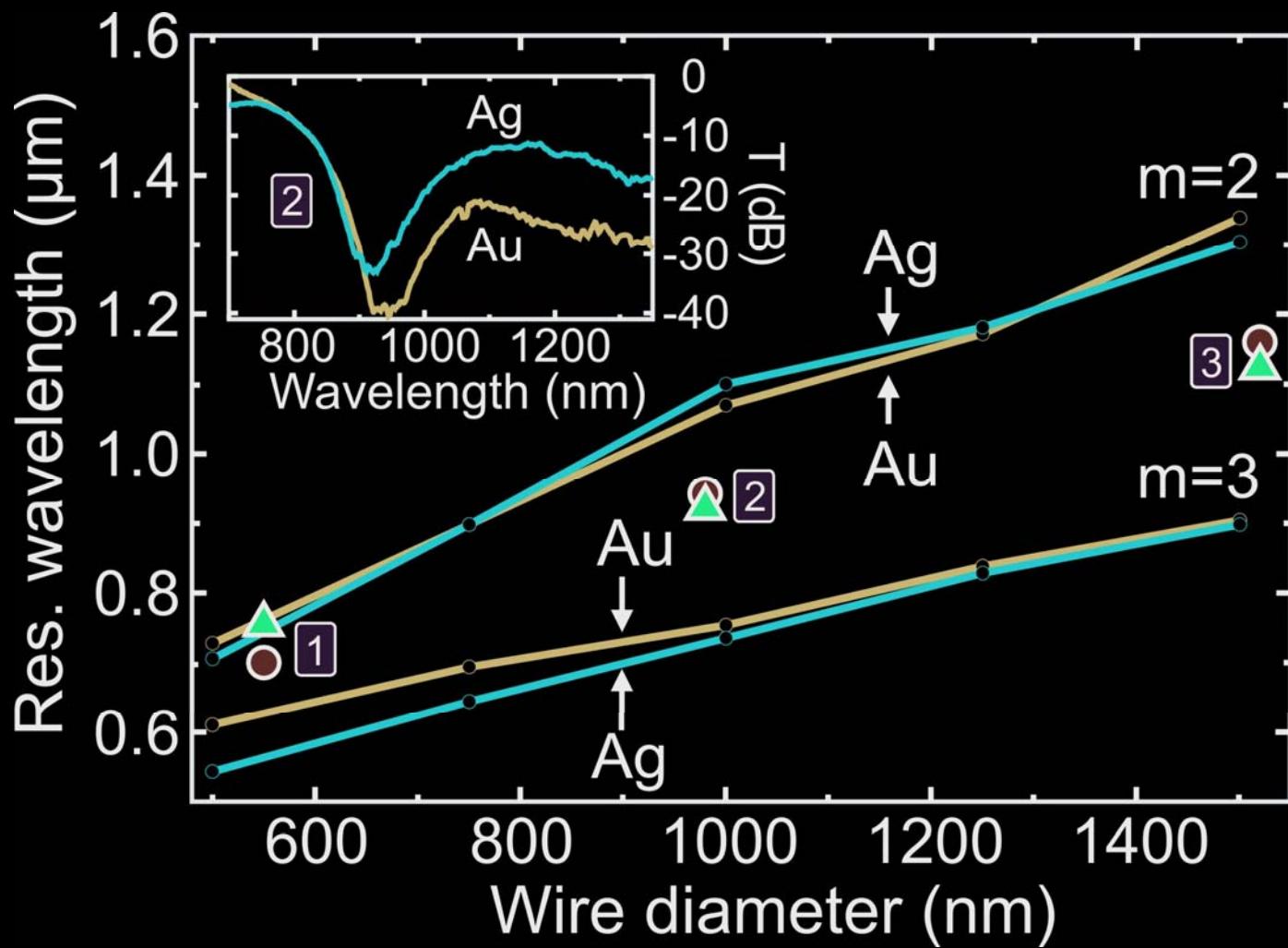
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# Experimental set-up

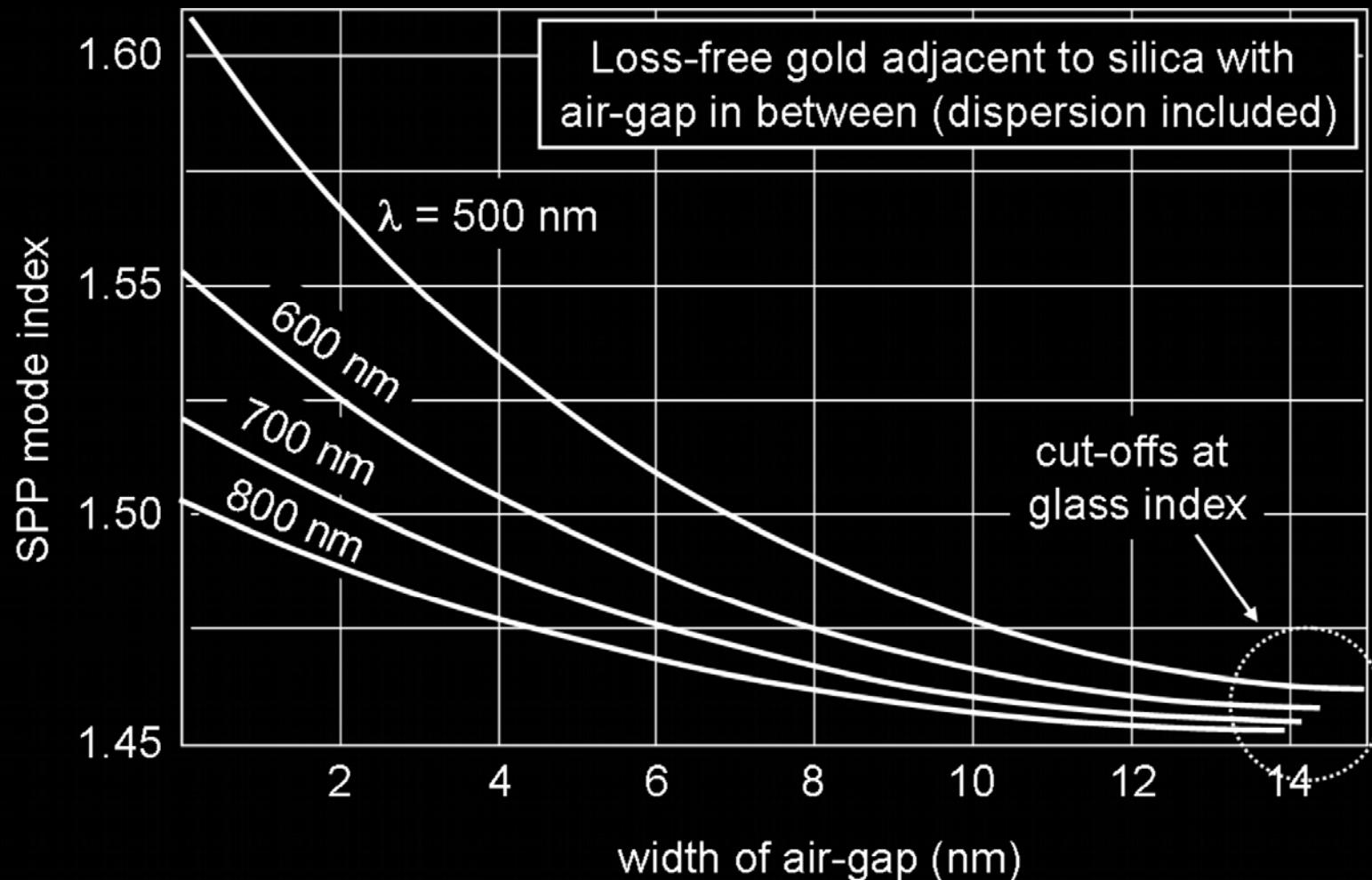
Phys Rev B vol 77  
art 033417, 2008



# Loss spectrum



# Effect of air gap



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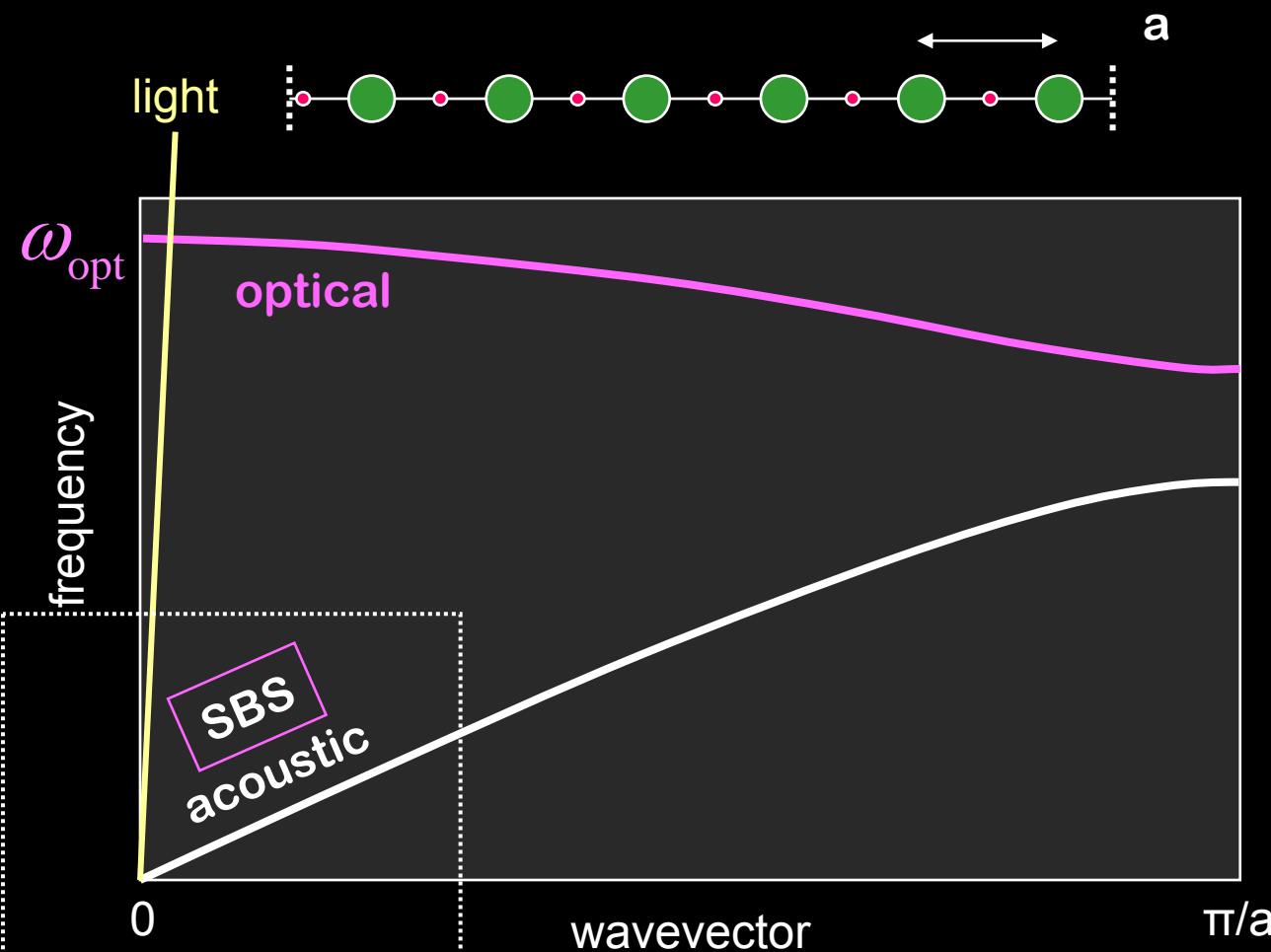
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# Sound-Light Interactions

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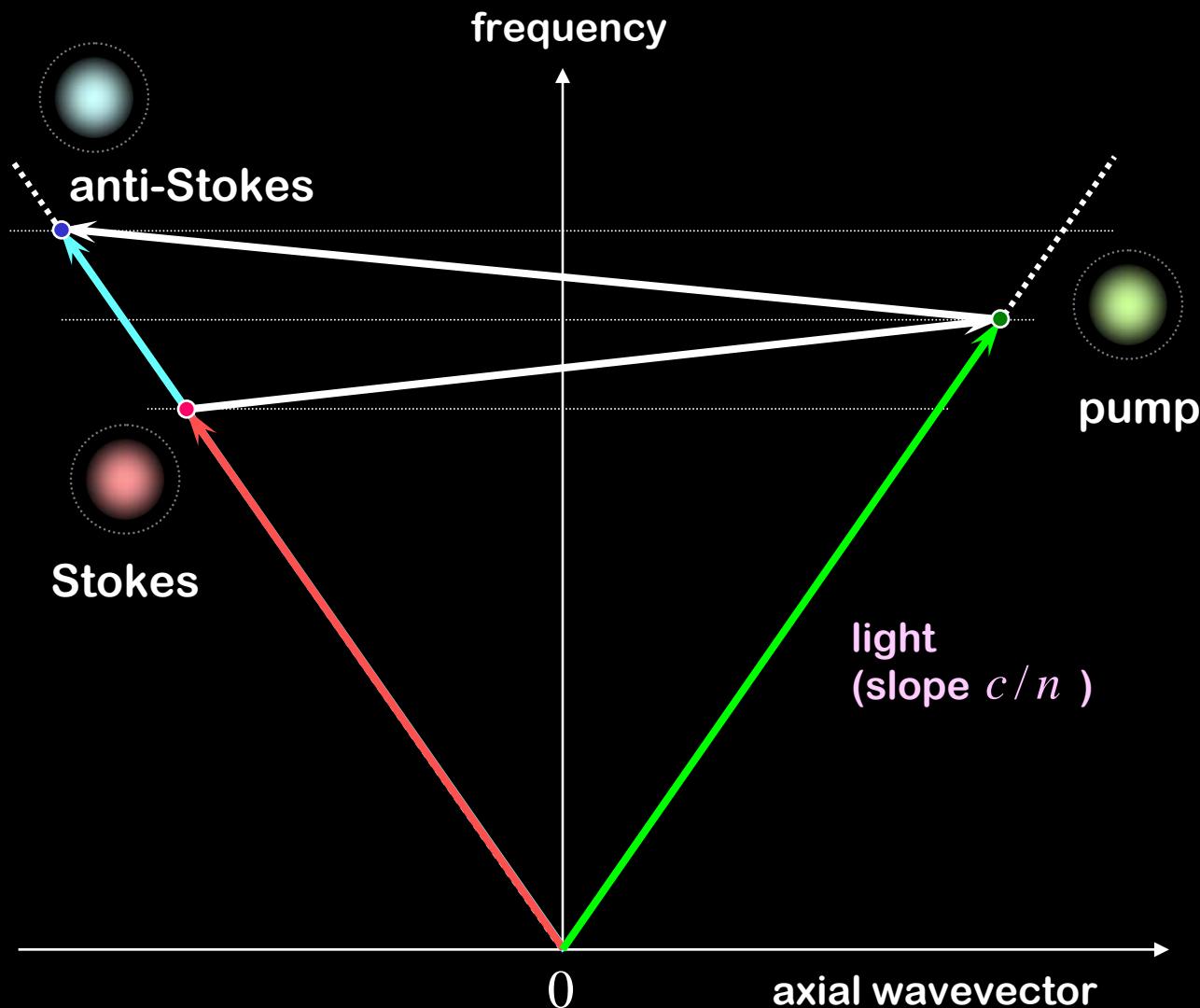
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# Phonon dispersion



# Brillouin scattering

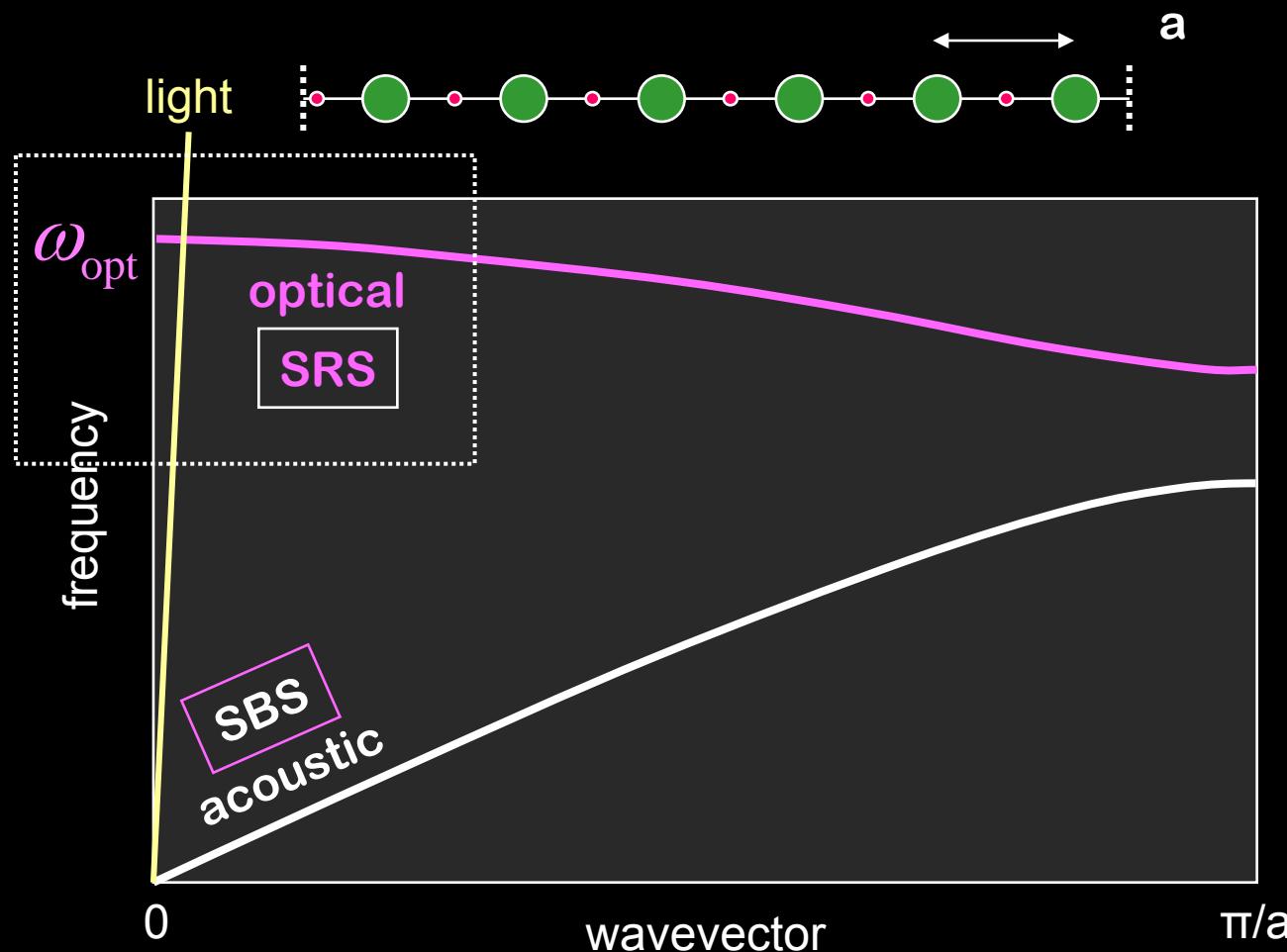
Dainese et al., Opt. Exp. 14, 4141, 2006



very large phonon momentum needed

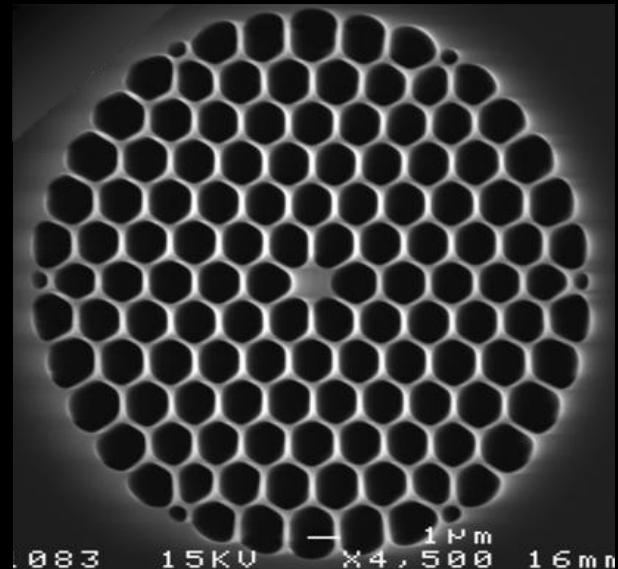
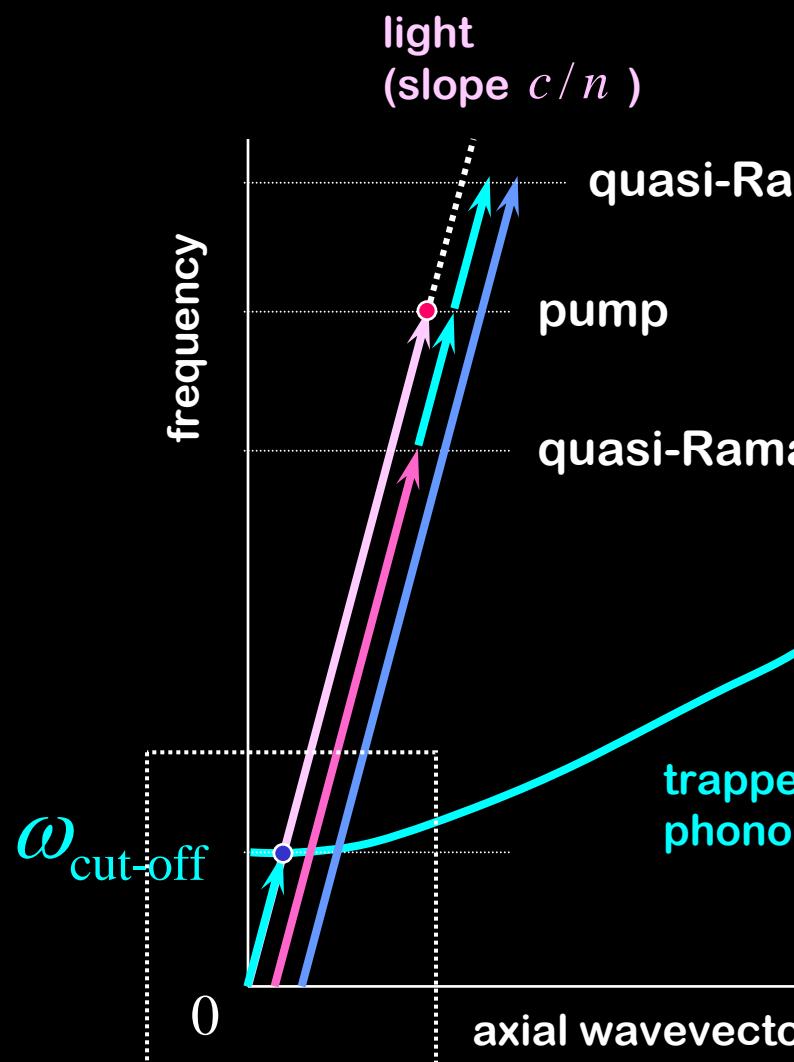
frequency shift changes with pump frequency

# Phonon dispersion



# Sound trapped in 1100 nm core

Dainese et al., Opt. Exp. 14, 4141, 2006



frequency shift  
independent of pump  
frequency

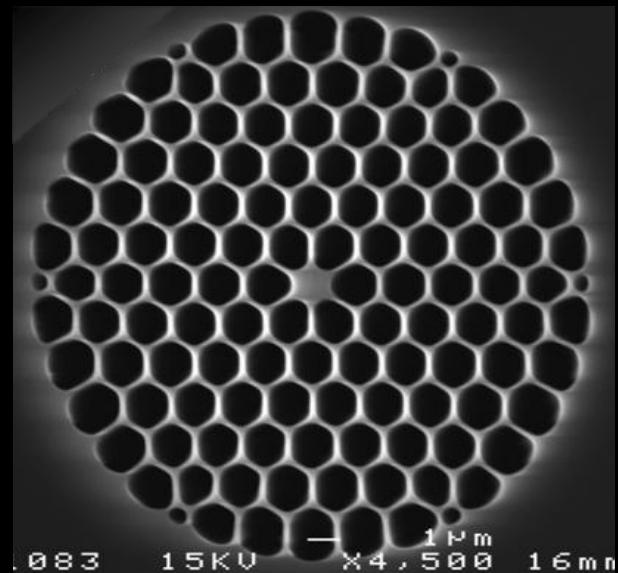
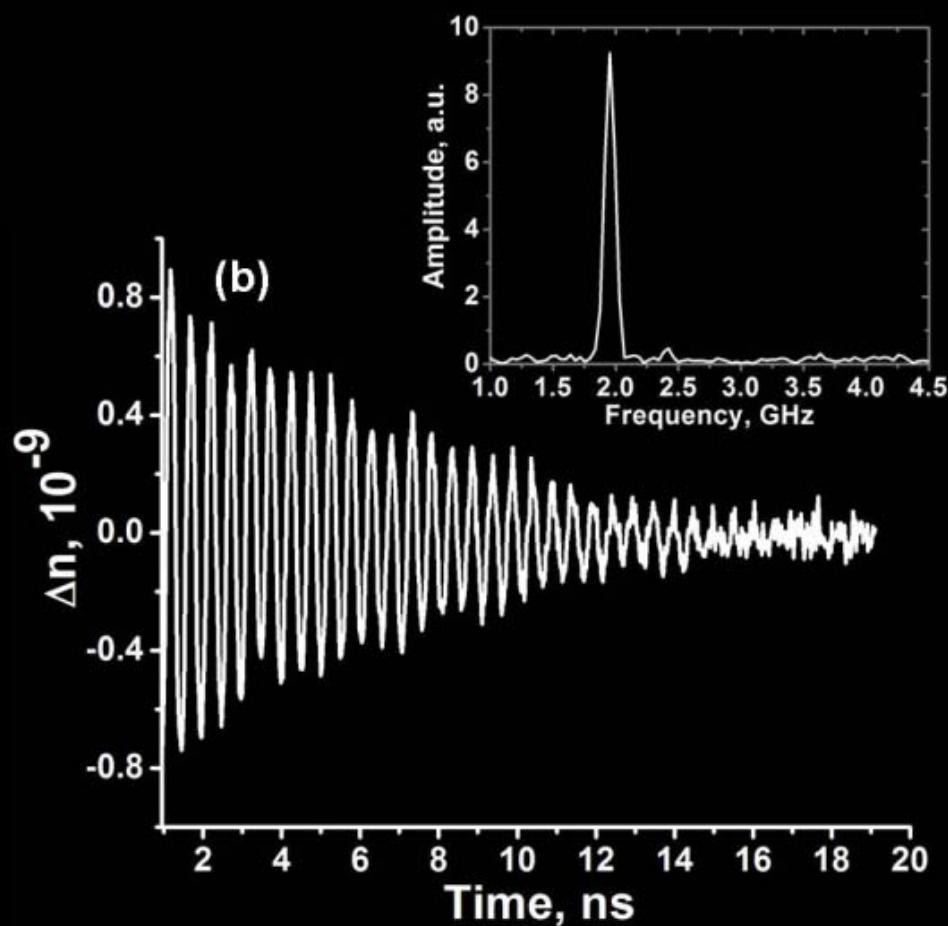
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# Photoacoustic measurements

Dainese et al., Opt. Exp. 14, 4141, 2006

100 ps pulses launched with CW probe at a different wavelength

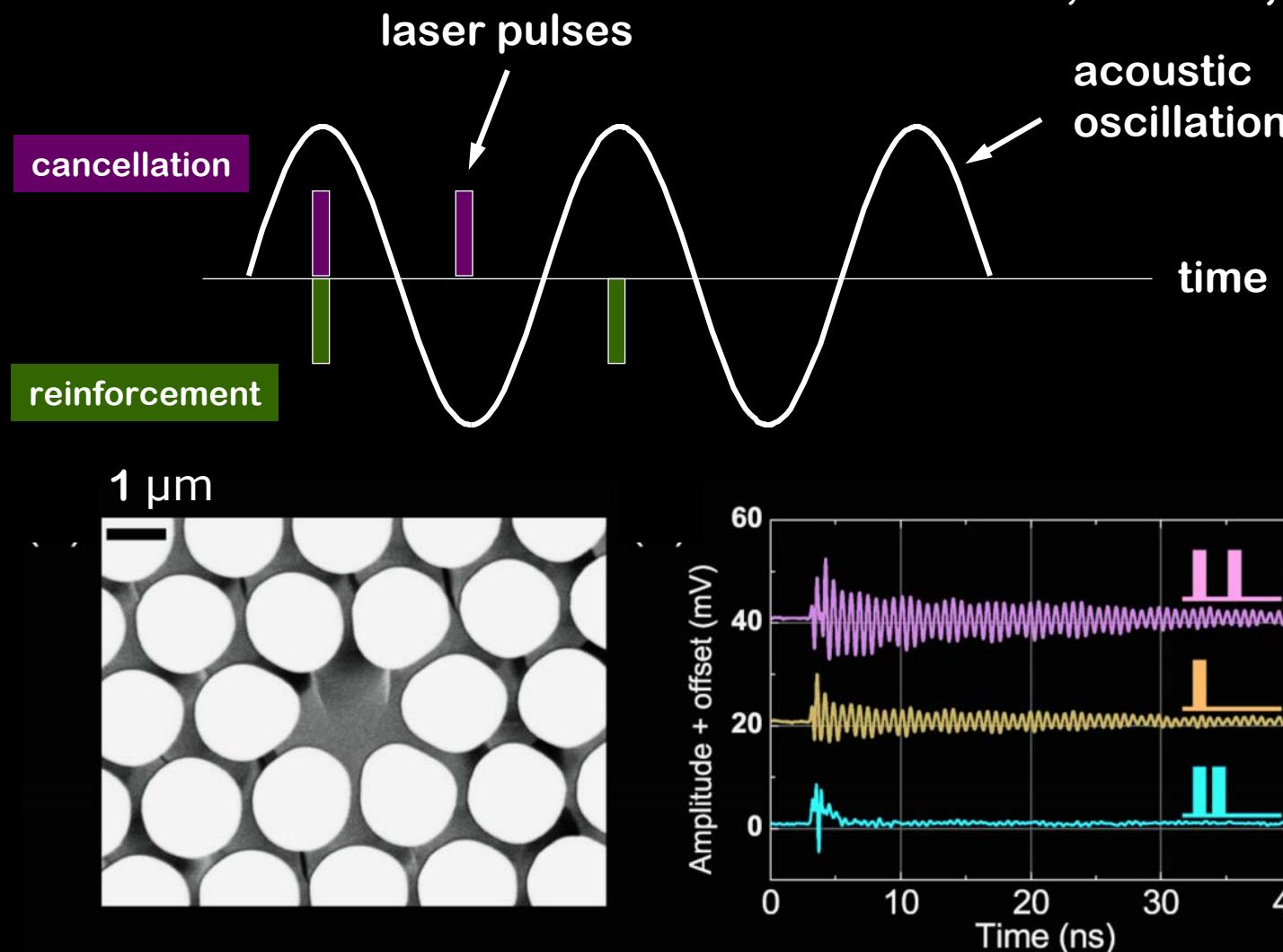


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# Coherent control of phonon resonances

Wiederhecker, PRL 100, 203903 (2008)



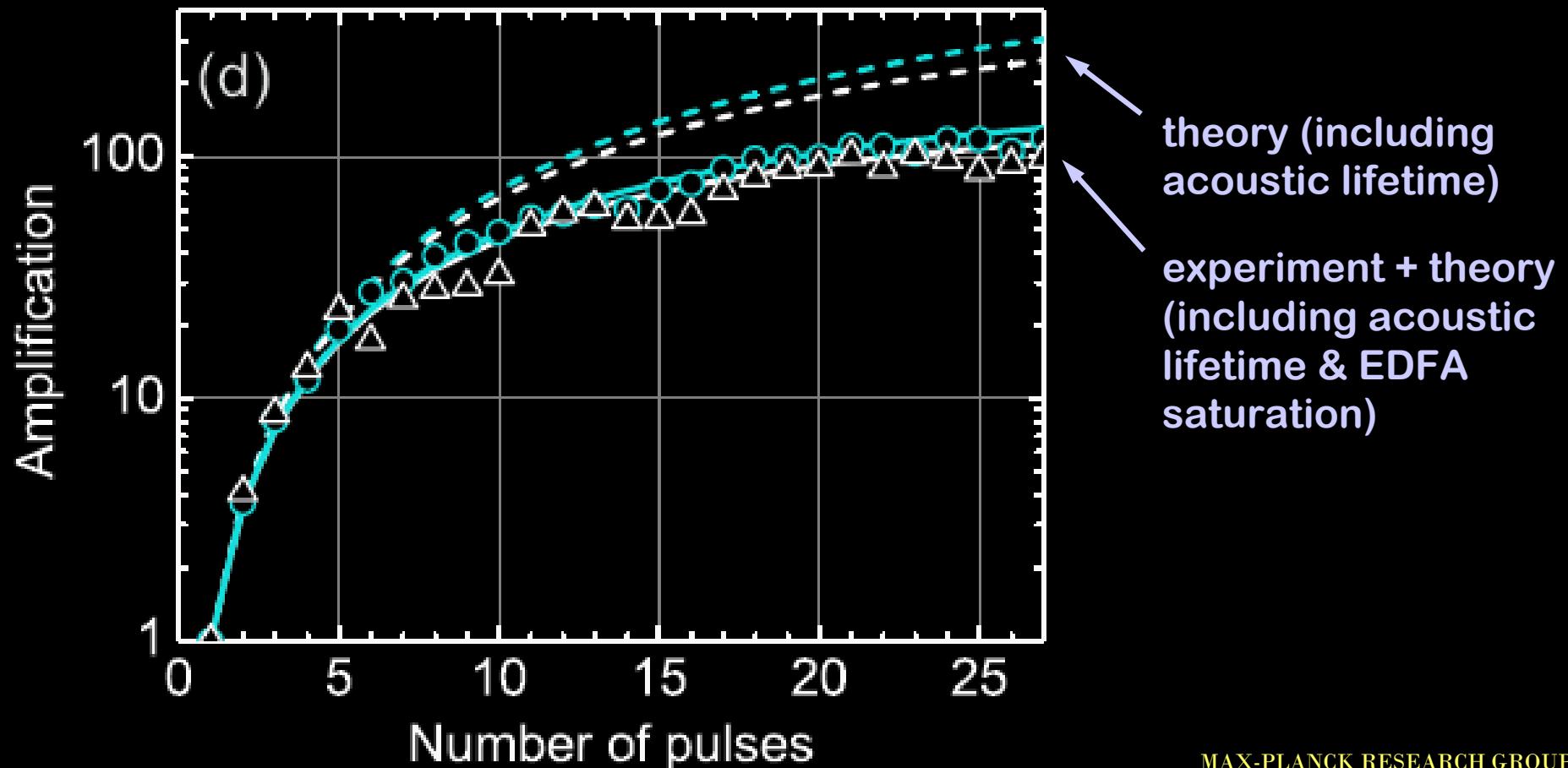
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# Growth with number of pulses

PRL 100, 203903 (2008)

two different PCFs

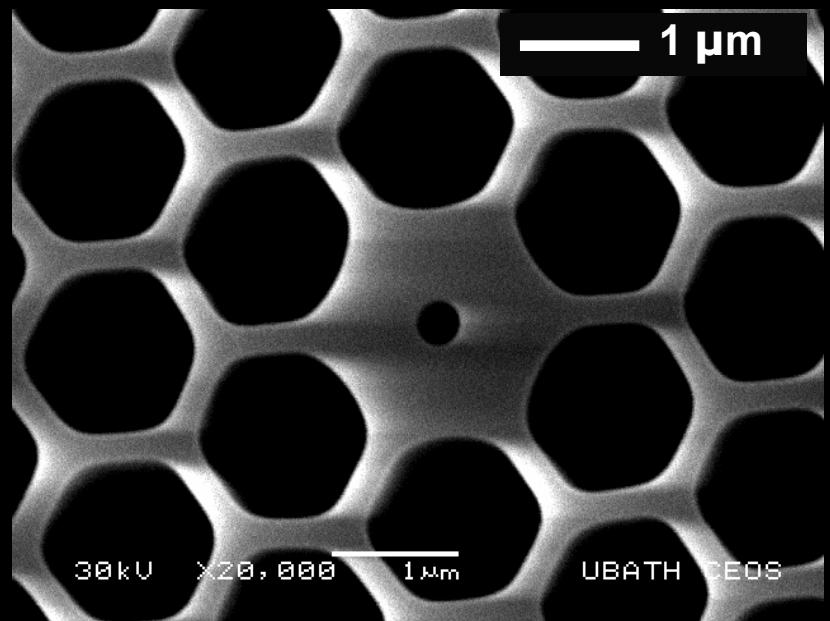
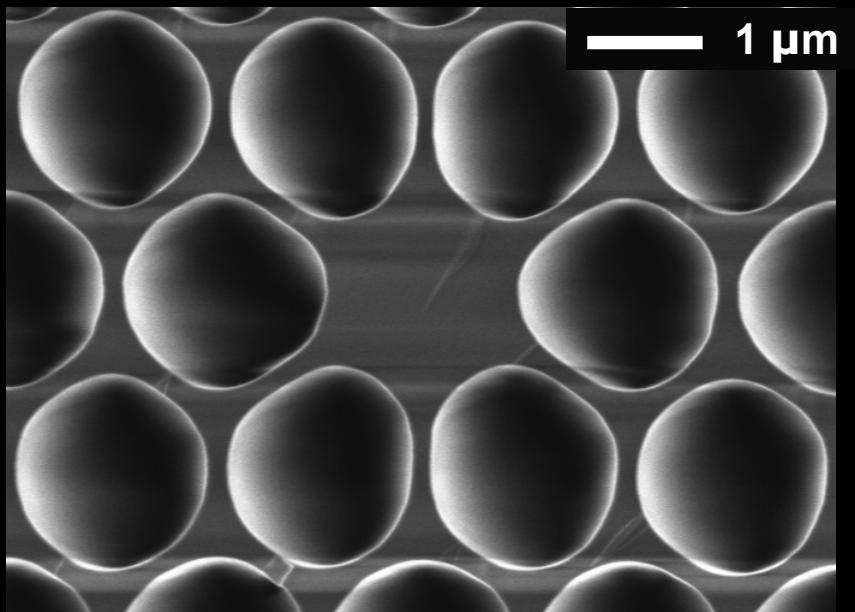


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# Effect of small hole in core

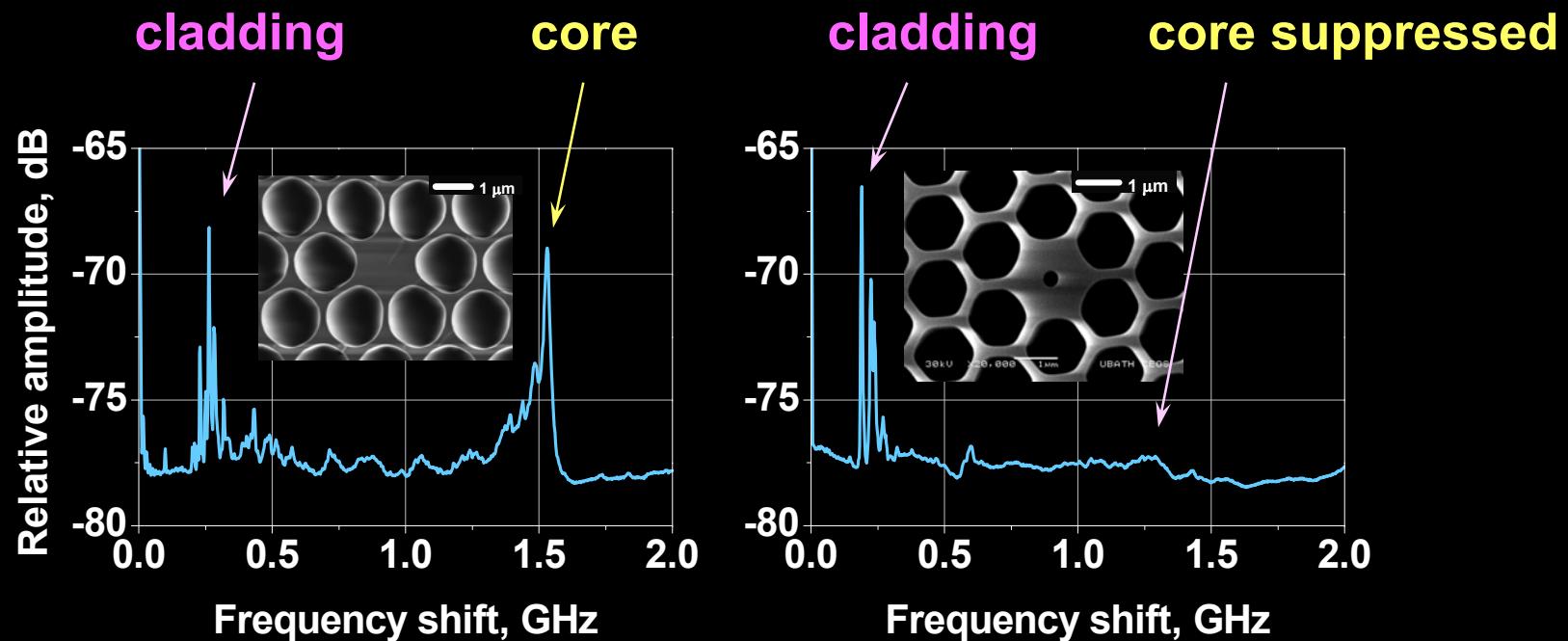
acoustic phonon control



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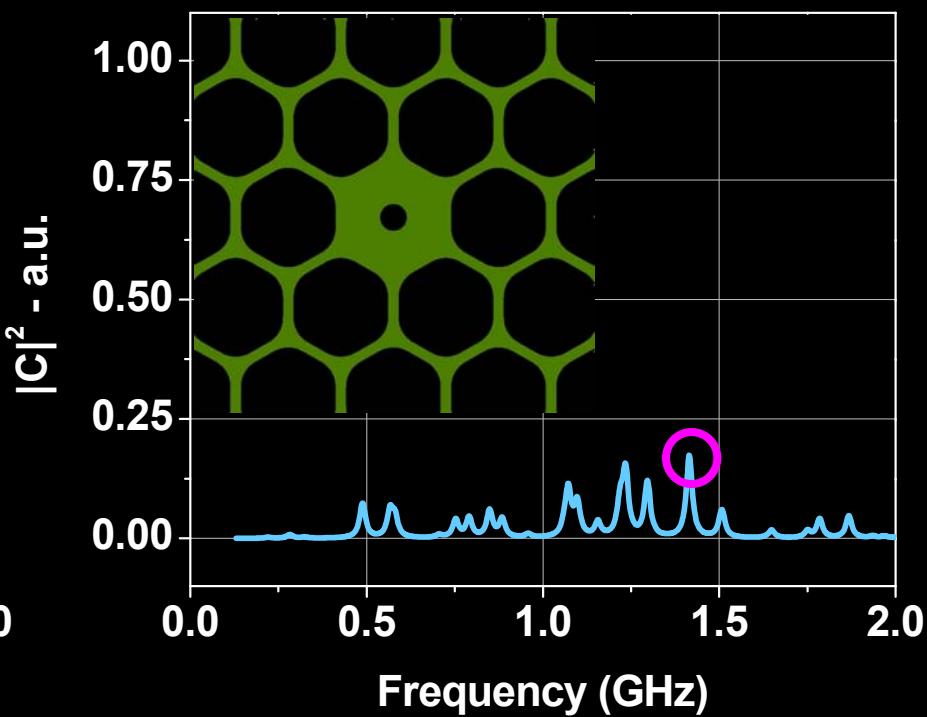
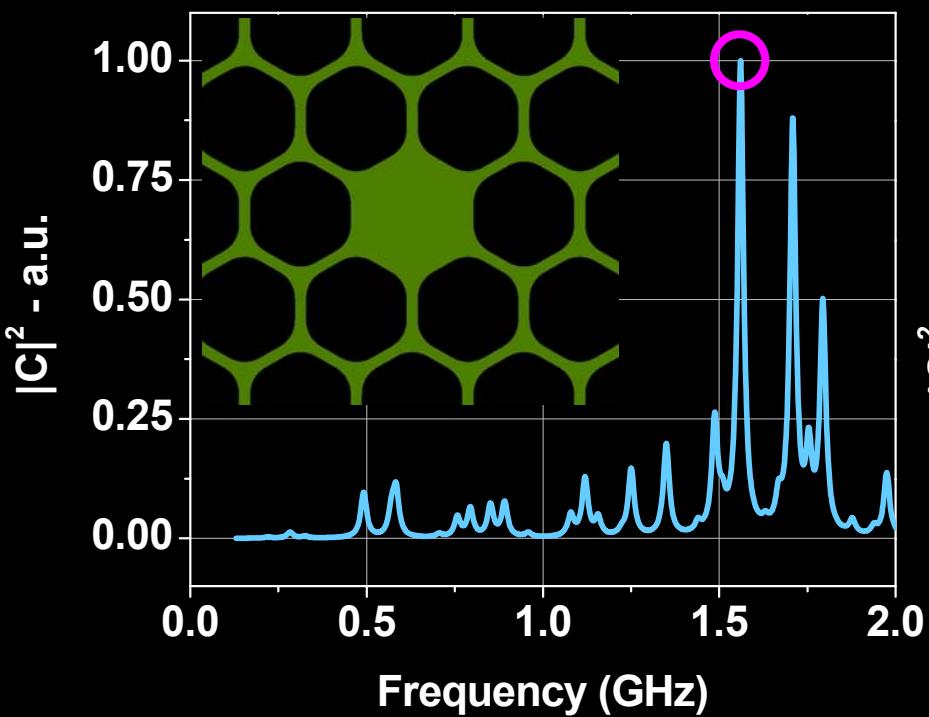
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# Spontaneous scattering



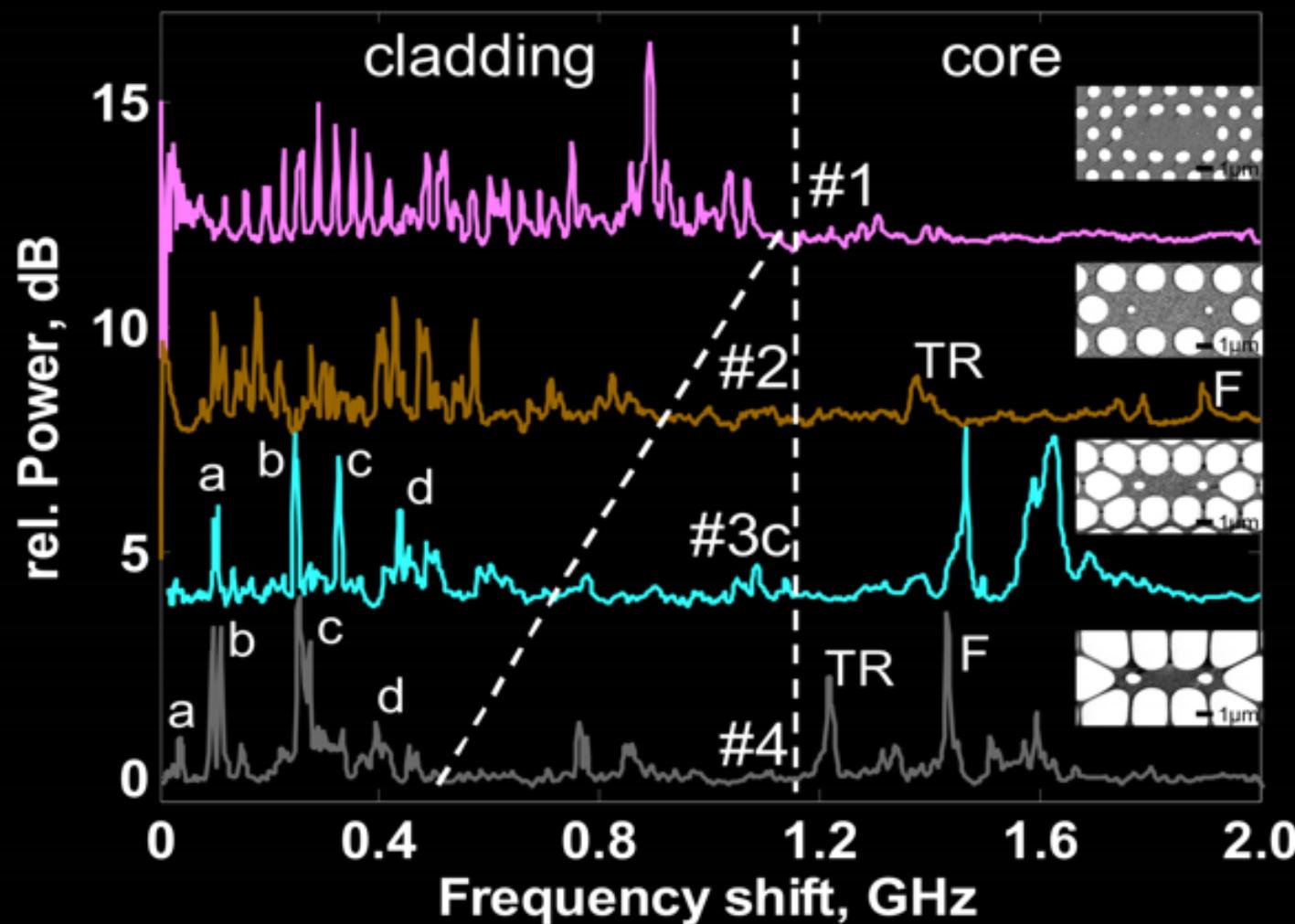
# PCF modes

- Finite element simulations of sound-light interaction
- Main scattering peaks are due to TR-like modes



# Scattering spectra for different PCFs

Brenn, CLEO-Europe 2007



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# Acoustics on the nano-scale

## Opportunities:

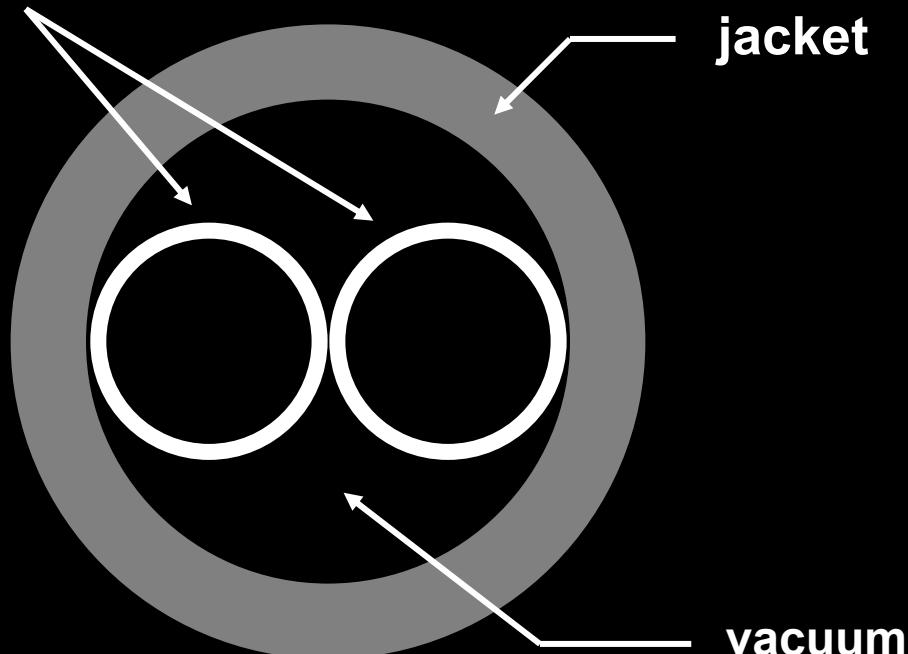
- Coherent control of acoustic resonances
- Stimulated Raman-like scattering
- Artificial Raman-active molecules
- Enhanced acoustooptic effects

# Glass Nanowebs

# Fabrication

Joly et al: Opt. Lett. v30 p2469 (2005)

capillaries

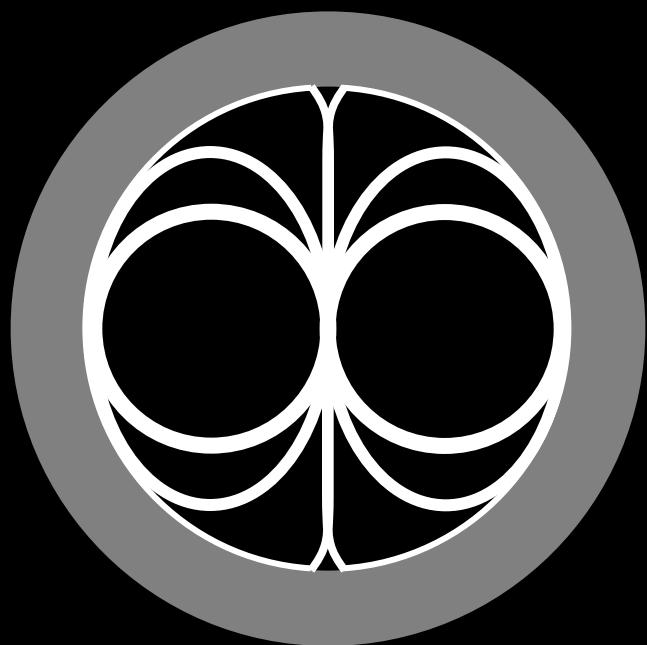


preform

jacket

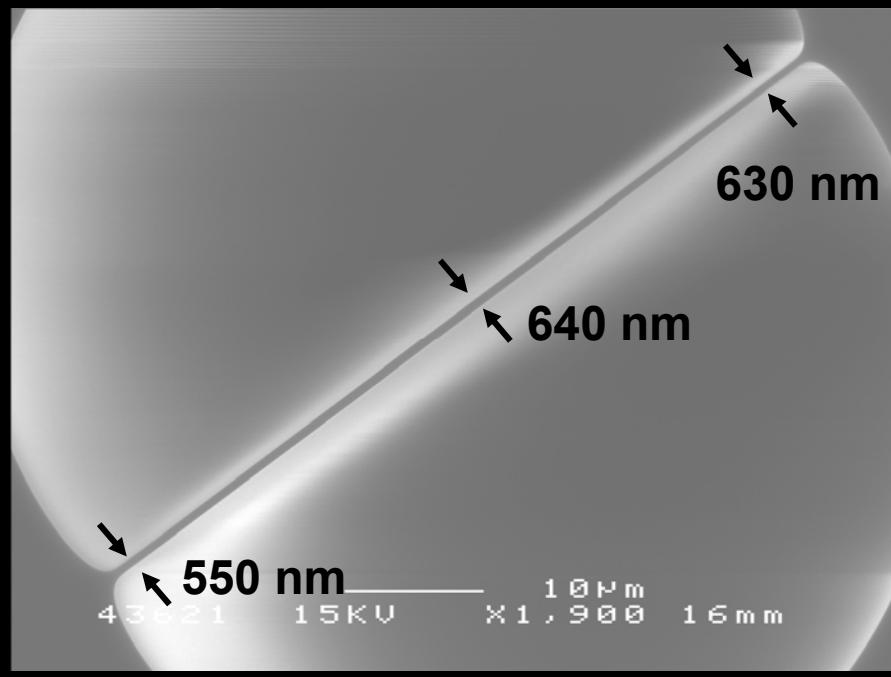
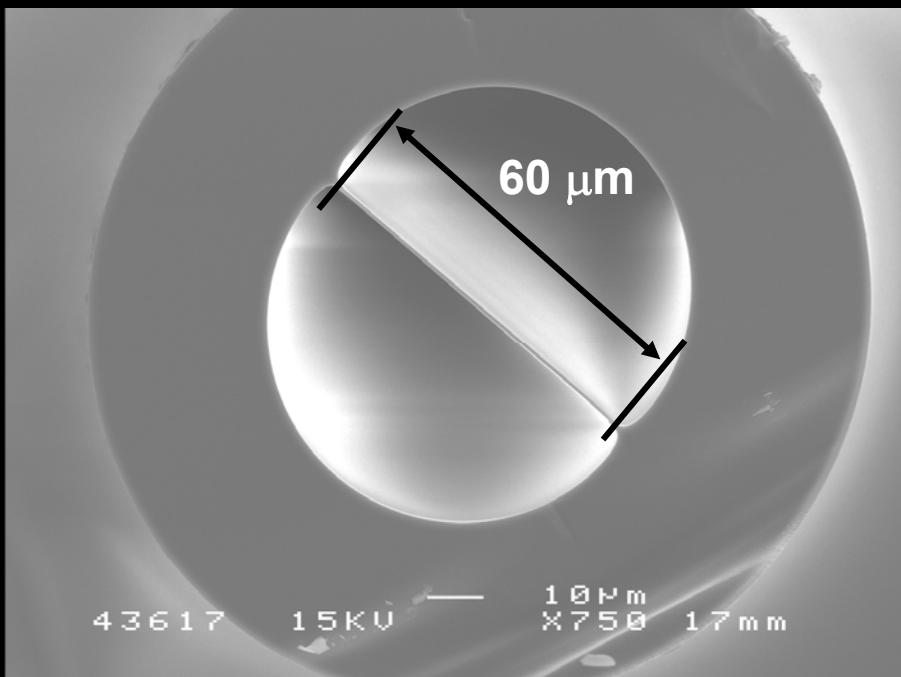
vacuum

bridge-fiber



# Linear properties

Joly et al: Opt. Lett. v30 p2469 (2005)



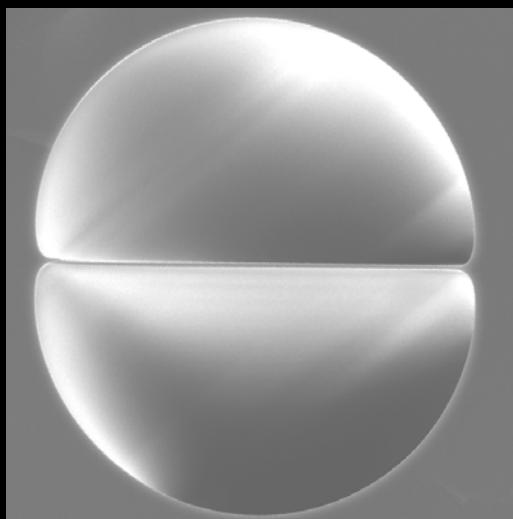
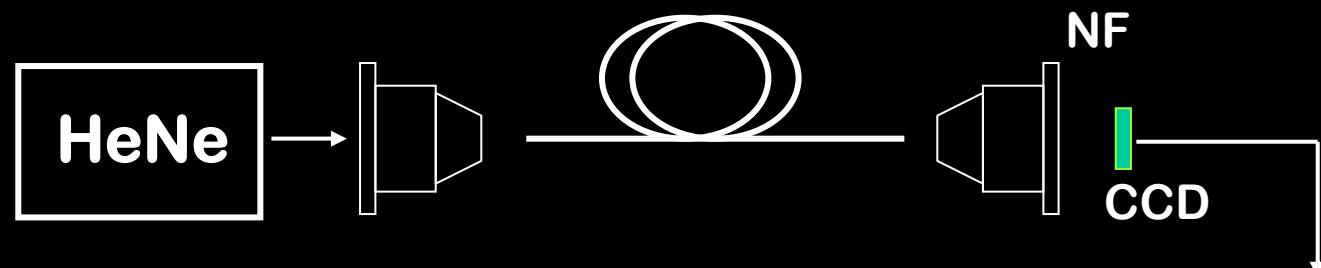
**aspect ratio 100:1**

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# Linear properties

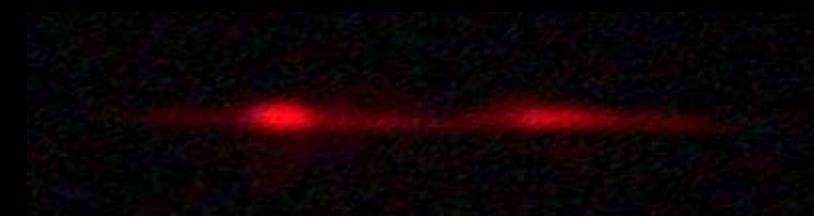
Joly et al: Opt. Lett. v30 p2469 (2005)



$m = 0$



$m = 2$



higher  
order



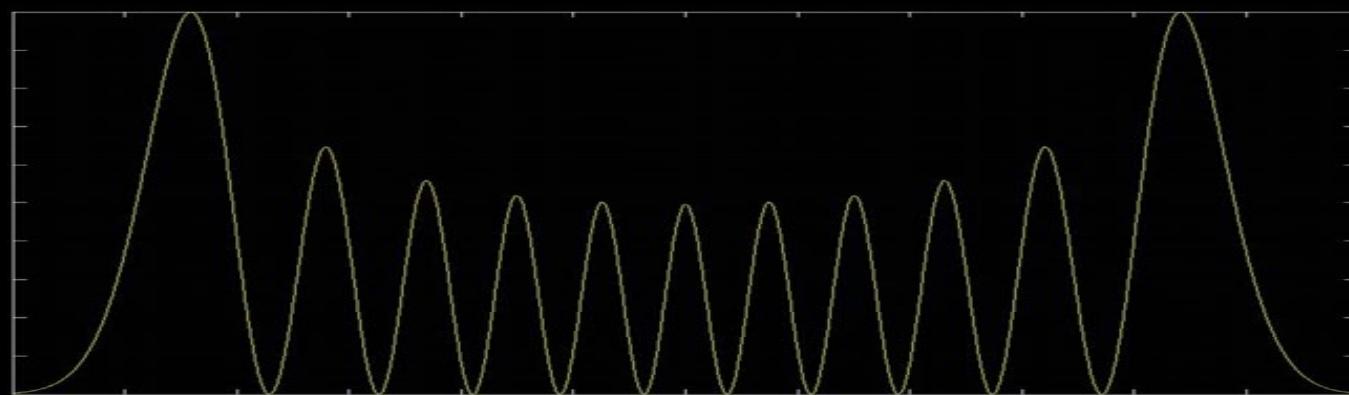
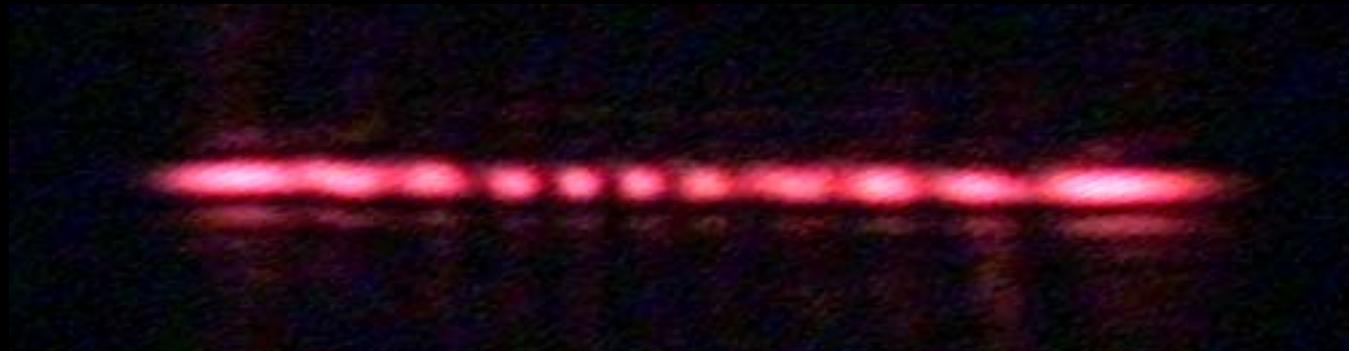
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# Highest order excited mode

Joly et al: Opt. Lett. v30 p2469 (2005)

$m = 10$



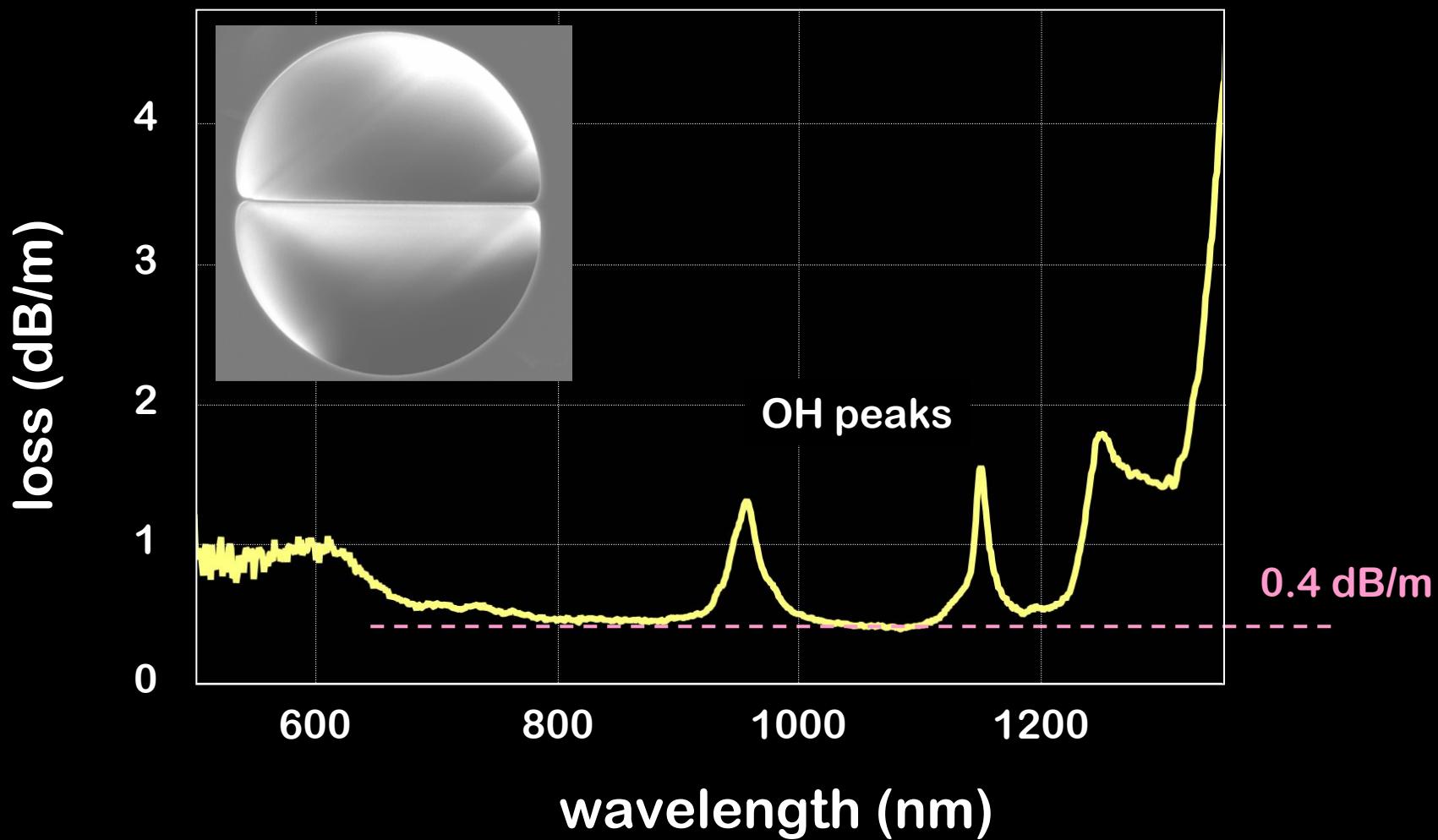
Hermite-Gaussian distribution

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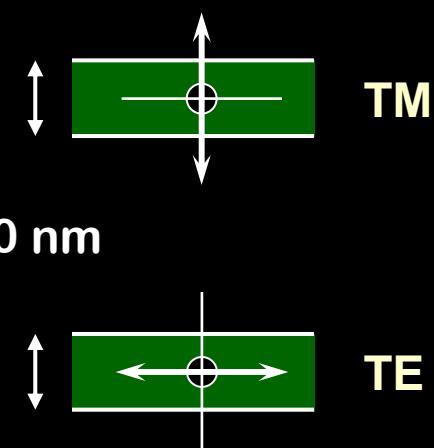
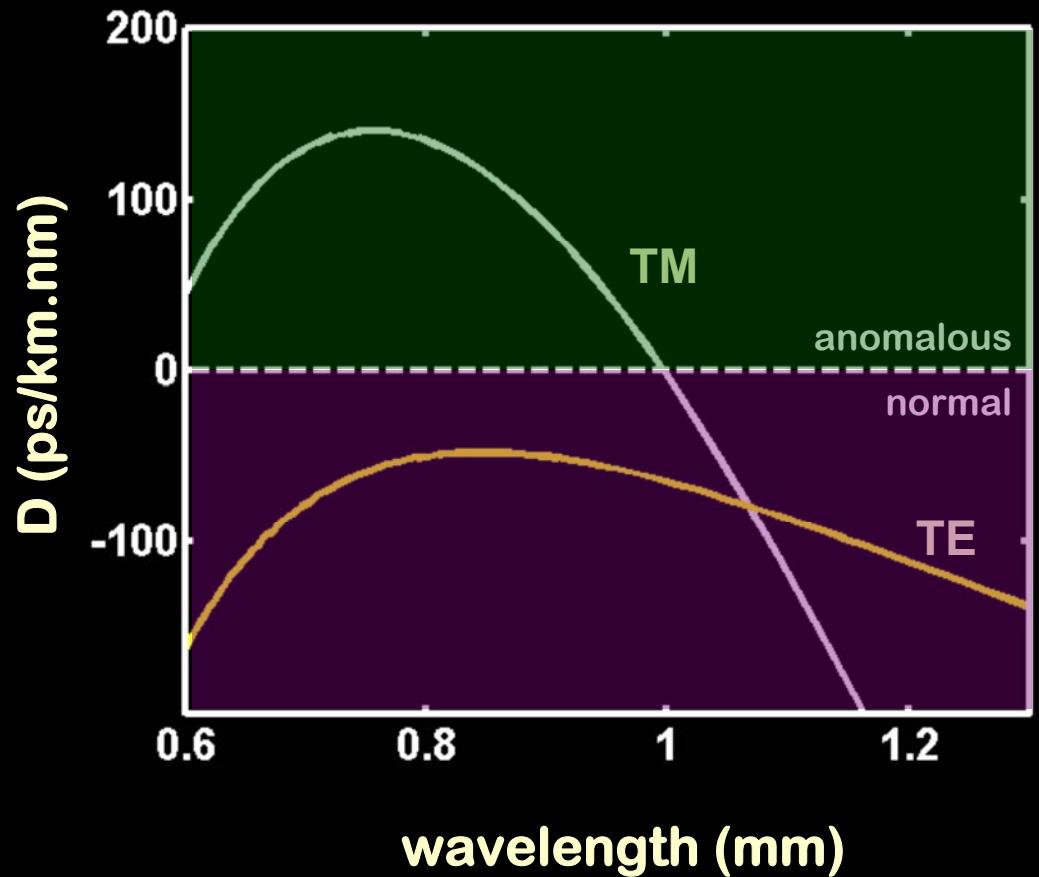
# Waveguide loss

Joly et al: Opt. Lett. v30 p2469 (2005)



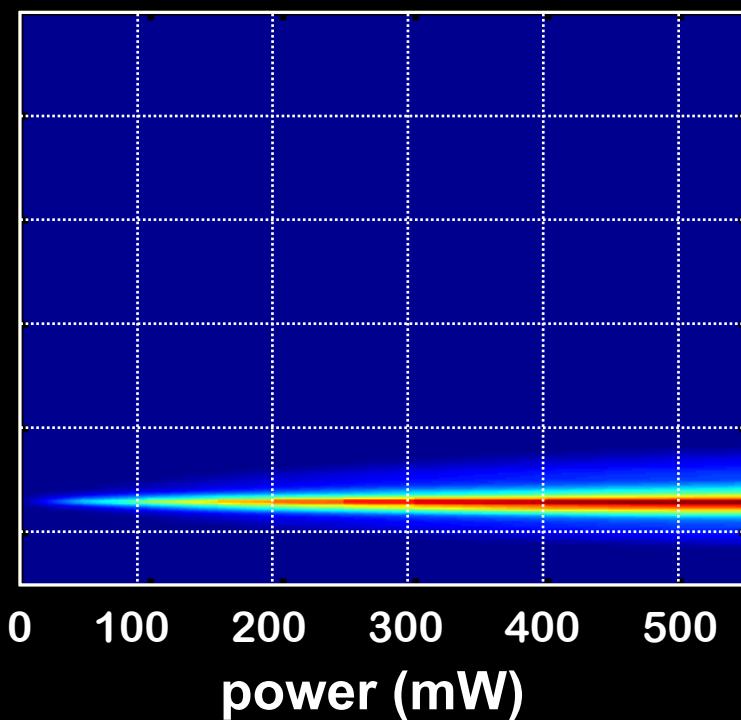
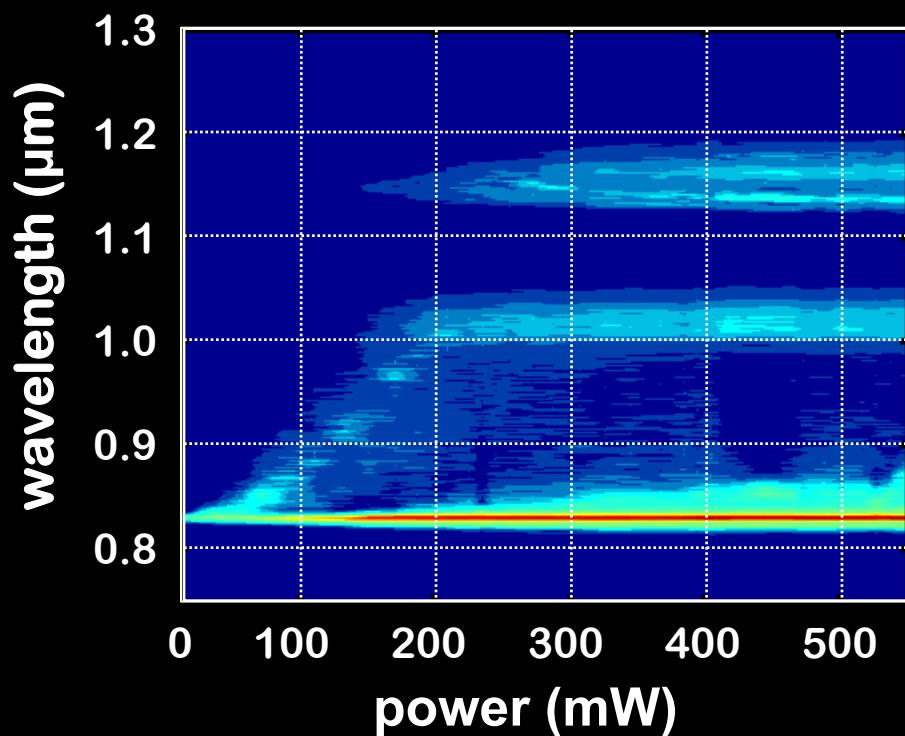
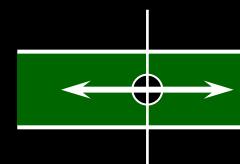
# Group velocity dispersion

Joly et al: Opt. Lett. v30 p2469 (2005)



# Excitation with 110 fs pulses

Joly et al: Opt. Lett. v30 p2469 (2005)



# UV-generation via third harmonic

Joly et al: Opt. Lett. v30 p2469 (2005)

$$3\beta_\omega = \beta_{3\omega} \quad \Rightarrow \quad n_\omega = n_{3\omega}$$

